Morning Oregonian.

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GENERAL NEWS.

Sullivan says he will Continue in the Prize Ring.

SERIOUS RAILROAD ACCIDENTS IN TEXAS AND PENNSYLVANIA.

Kansas Supreme Court Decides that Liquor, Legally Obtained, can be Used as may be Desired.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.]

NEW ORLEANS, Feb. 9.—Ryan, accompanied by his friends and trainers left here at 5 o'clock last evening by the Mobile route for his northern home. He suffers no inconvenience from his injuries, but expresses great chagrin at the result of the battle on account of the great number of friends who staked their all on his prowess. Sullivan will remain a few days longer. He has not been in sight to-day, and is supposed to be indulging in gentle relaxations, rendered agreeable by the rigid discipline of the past few weeks. No arrests were made at Mississippi City and none were contemplated. The ring at Barno's hotel was pitched in the front ground of that popular resort within twenty feet of the hotel, by invitation of the landlord, who reaped a rich harvest by selling standing room on its surrounding gallery at five dollars a head. Among the number were at least a score of women of the neighborhood. "Red Leary," one of the guests, sometimes spoken of as the Manhattan bank robber, was arrested for fighting and disturbing the peace. He was released on bond late this evening. Up to this time less than the ordinary number of burglaries and robberies have been reported. It is said that nearly all the northern crowds promised the chief of police not to work the town and to leave it as soon as the fight was over.

Sullivan's Expectations.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—The *Sun's* New Orleans special says: Ryan and Sullivan met last evening in the parlor of the St. James hotel and had a pleasant time together with their friends. They popped corks to the tune of twenty-eight bottles of champagne. In the course of conversation Sullivan said: "Ryan, you are a good, game man, and I will do all in my power to inaugurate and participate in an exhibition for your benefit."

A reporter asks: "Sullivan, you have been very successful in beating all your men. Do you intend to fight any more?"

"Yes; and you can publish that. I intend to beat a good many more of them before I get through."

Texas Railroad Accident.

GALVESTON, Feb. 9.—Major W. D. Washburn, superintendent of construction of the Missouri Pacific Railroad while out on an inspecting tour, got on a hand car to go to a near station. There were on the hand car beside Superintendent Washburn, J. W. Shiatt, A. Stall, Mrs. Stall and a little child, and two negroes. They had not proceeded more than a quarter of a mile when Painter saw a headlight turning a curve. He signaled the approaching train to stop and the hand car stopped within the length of a car. They had hardly turned when the first car was upon them. Painter jumped to the ground followed by the negroes, and Major Washburn leaped off on the opposite side. When the train stopped Major Washburn found himself helpless, with an arm cut off and otherwise bruised, having been run over by one car. Mrs. Stall was crushed to death, 12 cars having passed over her. Mr. Stall was on the opposite side, dangled and literally cut to pieces. George, the little boy, was found on the track under the cars with his head crushed. He only lived an hour. The remains of the Stall family were gathered up and sent to New Jersey. Maj. Washburn was not dead when first found. He was placed on a car and brought to Waco. He died soon afterward.

Railroad Stock Market.

A prominent stock operator is said to have given this week in which to become a curbstone of stocks. The decline yesterday afternoon, although founded on cable dispatches, was caused mainly by manipulation. Sales of stock were entirely out of proportion. There was very good buying at the decline, although it is not improbable that they will be depressed at every opportunity. This week the harmonizing process going on between individuals indicates the bull movement to be one of strength. Parties supposed to have found information and a combination to include the Wabash, Missouri Pacific, Texas Pacific, and perhaps other roads, is developing well. Traders in Chesapeake & Ohio are signs of advance in securities of that road. The basis for agreement between the Chesapeake & Ohio and Illinois Central companies is said to be under consideration. The Chesapeake & Ohio desires, it is said, the use of the Chicago, St. Louis & New Orleans.

An Enterprising Mayor.

ADRIAN, Mich., Feb. 9.—This city is excited because it appears Thomas O. Navin has negotiated $60,000 in city bonds through the Union Trust Co. of New York, and drawn over half the money on them. These bonds were recently authorized by the council, but nobody knew they had been issued, and the sentiment of the city was so much against them that it was believed no issue would be made. Navin was mayor and has done all this business secretly. He denies that any bonds have been negotiated, but acknowledges correspondence on the matter, and that he had them printed. He left town this afternoon and his story is generally disbelieved. The bonds were sixes and due in 20 years, and $1 06 had been paid for them in New York.

Counterfeit Money in Wyoming.

CHEYENNE, Feb. 9.—Counterfeit standard dollars have been flooding portions of the territory for some time past. A man named Kubela has been arrested who is supposed to represent an Iowa gang of counterfeiters. Wm. Schnitzer, deputy U. S. marshal, made the arrest and a quantity of counterfeit money was found in Kubela's person. While in the office of the county jail this afternoon Kubela made a murderous attack on Schnitzer, knocking him senseless with a heavy bottle. Kubela ran about a mile but has been recaptured. Schnitzer was seriously injured, but therein of his hat undoubtedly saved his life.

Loss by the Elevator Fire.

CHICAGO, Feb. 9.—Careful examination of the Rock Island elevator where the fire occurred this morning, indicates a loss of $67,000 to $69,000, depending on the condition of the corn which was injured by water.

A Huge Elevator.

The Rock Island and Pacific new elevator will be completed in ten days. It is located on Twelfth street and the river, and has a capacity of 1,000,000 bushels.

Robbed by Hotel Thieves.

A Mr. Phelps is reported to have been robbed of $800 in jewelry and cash by hotel thieves at the Palmer House.

Forgers Sent to Jail.

The notorious forgers arrested yesterday were held to-day in bail of five thousand dollars on the forgery charge, and three thousand on conspiracy charge. All went to jail. The list in the office revealed that about twenty firms and all the principal banks had been selected as victims. Firm checks had been obtained by them and lithographed for purposes of forgery. The arrested men are of extremely suave manners and prepossessing appearance. Their cases were continued.

Small Potatoes.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—Under the head of "Potatoes; they grow small over there," the *Sun* says: A cargo of 3715 bags of German potatoes that arrived by the ship Lamington were sold yesterday. The lot consisted in many very small potatoes that some of the buyers remarked that Germans must have thought we were starving to expect us to buy such stuff. Some of them are as large as marbles. The prices were very low, varying from 12 to 22 cents per bushel.

Railroad Accident.

HARRISBURG, Feb. 9.—Engineer David Coulter and Conductor Stonebraker were killed, and Fireman Kennedy fatally hurt by an accident on the Pennsylvania railroad near Huntingdon this morning through a collision of freight trains. The loss to the rolling stock was very heavy. The accident was entirely unforseen and unavoidable, as wheel broke while two trains were passing.

Bodies Identified.

LAWRENCEVILLE, Ill., Feb. 9.—The three corpses reported by colored men as being on the banks of the Embarras river, were found by citizens yesterday and identified as three rough fellows who, while drunk, had interrupted some funeral services at the grave and then gone boating. They are supposed to have been thrown ashore by an eddy and to have perished of cold.

The Bulls Routed.

CHICAGO, Feb. 9.—It was rumored yesterday morning that a shipment of California wheat had reached St. Louis over the new St. Louis and San Francisco route, and that more was en route. The thought of California wheat coming into St. Louis was enough to deprive the bulls of what little courage they had, and for the rest of the day there were no notable attempts to stop a decline.

Failure of a Fire.

CHICAGO, Feb. 9.—What promised to be a big sensational fire broke out in Naresly & Hambleton's elevator on the south side this morning. Over 800,000 bushels of grain were endangered, but by shrewd work of the insurance patrol and fire companies the fire was confined almost entirely to damage by water and will not exceed $15,000; insurance, $415,000.

Street Railway Company Organized.

SPRINGFIELD, Ills., Feb. 8.—Organization papers were filed to-day with the secretary of state by the Chicago and Cook Co. Passenger Dummy Railway Co., capital, $5,000,000. S. B. Farwell, Louis Wohl, A. Berneker, A. W. Read, T. J. Clark, J. M. Hanna and Cyrus Bentley are corporators. The proposed road will run to the city limits.

Comfort for Wine Bibbers.

TOPEKA, Feb. 9.—The supreme court to-day decided unconstitutional so much of the prohibiting law as prescribes punishment for drunkenness, on the ground that such provision was not expressed in the title of the bill. The court says persons legally in possession of liquor can drink, burn or give it away.

Death of Pauline Markoll.

BOSTON, Feb. 8.—Pauline Markoll, who for some time has been a member of the Emma Abbott opera company, died suddenly in this city to-day.

WAR IN WASHINGTON.

A Senate Clerk Attempts to Secure Satisfaction from a Newspaper and is Fatally Wounded.

[SPECIAL DISPATCH TO THE OREGONIAN.]

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—About a month ago an article appeared on the character of A. M. Soteldo of this city, and clerk to the senate committee on railroads, appeared in the local columns of the *National Republican*. Several slashing articles have been published since, and this morning another appeared. The last publication appeared to trouble Soteldo, and during the day he was said to have been in conversation with friends, from whom he solicited advice as to what steps he should take to prevent the appearance of further stories of like character. An evening paper, in referring to the subject, said Soteldo, in speaking of the way the *Republican* this morning paid its respects to him, said the article in part was unpardonable to libel and he thought he would proceed in that way.

Between 2 and 3 o'clock to-night, while Clarence M. Barton, news editor, and Frank Conger, business manager of the *Republican*, were alone in the editorial room, Soteldo and his younger brother Charles, entered and took seats by the side of Barton. According to the statement of Conger, A. M. Soteldo, holding Barton fast in the face, drew from his pocket a paper or manuscript which he requested Barton to read. Barton inquired, "Is that another of your statements?" Soteldo justified in the request that Barton should read the paper, which was finally complied with. After concluding reading Barton informed Soteldo that he must confer with Gorham, the editor, on that subject, that he (Barton) could not act in the matter, and passed the paper back, at the same time rising from his chair, whereupon Soteldo struck him, knocking him against the table at which he had been sitting. Soteldo crashed, during which a lamp on the table was tilted toward Conger, who picked it up and hastily left the room. Three or four pistol shots in quick succession were heard, when an alarm was given. Compositors upon the floor above rushed into the hall and found Barton ejecting the younger Soteldo from the editorial room. Two of the force at once seized Soteldo upon Barton's calling out "I am shot," and against some resistance on his part took him down to the street, where he was turned over to the police and by them lodged in the station house. Barton was found to be shot twice, once in the neck and once in the left breast. Neither wound is thought fatal. He was placed in a carriage and driven to his home on Capitol hill, where Dr. Bliss was shortly afterward in attendance upon him.

It was not known for several minutes whether the Elder Soteldo had been shot, but soon inquiry was raised and the attaches of the paper noticed up Barton's room found A. M. Soteldo unconscious on the floor with blood slowly oozing from a bullet hole in the back of his neck. The news quickly spread and in a few minutes a crowd of several hundred persons had assembled in and about the *Capital* office. Stretched at full length upon the floor with his head pillowed on a pile of newspapers, the unhappy victim of this sad tragedy lay unconscious to move and apparently unconscious of the consultations going on about him. Doctors Blair and Adams leaned over the dying man, and as each counted the feeble beating of the pulse announced that he was sinking fast and his death was but a matter of a few hours. Blankets and mattresses were procured and the wounded man was made more comfortable. A lieutenant of the police took charge and only the doctors and a few intimate friends were admitted to the room. Shortly after 10 the wounded man opened his eyes, called for water and moaned, "Cut it out. I can't move my hands." Some whisky was put to his mouth but he refused it and called for pure water, which was given him. His pulse and breathing became stronger and the doctors decided to remove him to the hospital, which was done about 11 o'clock. Physicians in the hospital concurred in the opinion he could live but a few hours and might die within a few minutes. The ball entered the back of the neck, shattered the vertebra and lodged in the throat.

CONGRESSIONAL PROCEEDINGS.

Senate.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.

Bills were introduced by Saunders for a bridge across the Missouri at or near Omaha.

By Grover, for organization of the district of Southeastern Alaska and a civil government therefor.

Harris moved to lay aside regular order and pass the resolution appointing Nell Brown chief clerk of the senate.

Brown said as republicans seemed averse to this act he would vote against suspending regular business now.

Resolution was defeated by a tie vote, 25 to 25. Mahone and Brown voted with republicans and Davis with democrats.

Resolution declaring the pension arrears law should be repealed was considered. Before it was disposed of, eulogies were pronounced on late Representative O'Connor of South Carolina. Adjourned.

House.

The committee on ways and means referred the Sherman and Randall funding bills to a sub-committee, of which Kelly is chairman. He will introduce a bill fixing a day for meeting of electors of the president and vice president, and providing for and regulating the counting of votes for president and vice president and decision of questions arising therefrom; referred.

Appurtionment bill again went over.

Adjourned.

PACIFIC COAST NEWS.

CALIFORNIA.

Action Dismissed.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 9.—The well known action brought by the Hibernia Loan and Savings Society against the State Deposit Company of San Francisco to foreclose the mortgage executed by J. O. Duncan on the 1st of July, 1876, and delivered to H. F. Teschemacher and G. H. Howard, assignees of plaintiffs, to secure payment of Duncan's promissory note for $300,000, was dismissed by Judge Sullivan under stipulation filed by the attorneys in the case.

Death of John McFadden.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 9.—The body of John McFadden, an old and well known citizen, was found at the foot of an embankment, corner of Vallejo and Taylor streets, this morning. He had probably fallen over the embankment and was killed by the fall. He was at one time in large business as a builder and contractor and agent of real estate. He built the Occidental hotel, and was owner of the land which was purchased for the site of the Palace hotel. McFadden's block on Montgomery street was also his.

Yung Wing going to China.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 9.—Yung Wing, who for three years past has been second minister for China at Washington, arrived overland en route to Peking. He has been a resident of the United States since 1846, and is a graduate of Yale college. It was by his efforts that the Chinese educational commission was established at Hartford, Connecticut.

BY STATE TELEGRAPH.

Killed in a Saloon Scuffle.

PENDLETON, Or., Feb. 8.—At Centerville yesterday evening Dan Swaggart shot and killed James Coyle. The parties were engaged in a game of poker when Coyle drew his revolver and began twisting it around with his fingers through the guard. The weapon flew off and striking the floor was discharged. In the scuffle which ensued for the possession of the weapon Swaggart got it and fired a shot which struck Coyle just below the breast, causing death. Such are the facts reported. An investigation is now in progress.

NEVADA.

Chinaman Hung.

WINNEMUCCA, Feb. 9.—Charley Hing, a Chinaman, was hanged to-day for the murder of Ah Lick, one of his countrymen, last May. On the scaffold he said he committed the act in self-defense, and claimed that $600 had been sent to bribe witnesses to swear falsely. When the trap was spring he fell with a scream, which was cut short by the dislocation of his neck.

Spectrum Analysis.

Science Monthly.

Spectrum analysis has bound the sciences of chemistry and astronomy firmly together. In astronomy proper our progress has been considerable. In 1845, the mathematical eye of Le Verrier saw the planet Neptune before any telescope had been turned toward it. In 1861 we had only four asteroids upon our list. We now have two hundred and twenty. A little transmontural planet has been scented by watchful astronomers. The wealth of the solar system has increased by the discovery of inner ring of Saturn and by the subdivision of the flaming bells. Moons have been given to Mars by an American astronomer using an American telescope, and Neptune, Saturn and Uranus have each gained a new satellite. The heavens have been mapped and measured and the shape of the visible universe determined. It seems that our earth is careering near the center of a magnificent stellar eclipse, and that ours is but one out of at least, 75,000,000 of worlds. Of these worlds some are dead and cold, like our own moon, some are wheeling away from us, others approaching. The late calculations of Heimholtz put the life term of the sun at 17,000,000 of years. Thus we are assured by the best authority that human research furnishes, that our planet has long ages of probable development before it.

MEXICO.

Mexican Railroad Notes.

CITY OF MEXICO, Feb. 9.—A cabinet minister who accompanied Jos. Sullivan over the Poseano division of the Mexican National R. R., 270 miles from this city, recommended the completion of the work. Government has authorized opening to traffic of 40 miles of road from Laredo southward.

Major F. Melcher, editor of the Charleston (S. C.) *Deutsche Zeitung*, writes: "One of my pressmen, Mr. J. M. Wheaton, was cured of a severe case of rheumatism by the use of St. Jacobs Oil, after other remedies had failed. He thinks very highly of it, and I think such a preparation is deserving of the highest praise that can be given it."

WASHINGTON NEWS.

Captain Eads' Ship Railroad Scheme in the Senate.

AETHUR'S NOMINATION OF PAYMASTER WATMOUGH OPPOSED.

Trouble between Democrats over Senator Brown's Voting with the Republicans.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.]

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.—A Graphic Washington correspondent says Capt. Eads is not at all discouraged at the hostile attitude of Page, chairman of the commerce committee. He is having a hearing before the senate committee and is confident he will get a report favoring the guarantee of the Tehuantepec ship railroad bonds. The date he will send until the house determines whether or not there is to be a special committee on the interoceanic canal. He will try to have the matter referred to this committee if there be one authorized. If not he will rather attempt to secure its reference to some other standing committee or attempt to combat the position of Page before the full commerce committee. He has secured the countenance of conservative Pacheco, and it is said that some of the other Pacific slope members will oppose the measure. He maintains that this will be especially advantageous to San Francisco and the Pacific coast generally because it will open up competition with transcontinental railroads and practically put the Golden Gate eight hundred miles nearer New York. He expects that New York, Chicago and St. Louis will be friendly also, and indeed that all commercial cities of the country will reap a benefit. He maintains all this he will be able to show when he comes before congress with his measure. He said to-day he desired to give this government the first opportunity to take a lien on the work, but if it refuses he will at once accept offers of foreign capital to build the road.

Congressional Notes.

The ways and means committee to-day referred to the sub-committee, of which Kelly is chairman, the question of whether the senate has a right to originate a funding bill. Randall is also a member. The tenor of debate indicated that representatives hold that the senate had no such right.

Senator Saunders introduced a bill establishing a new land district in northwestern Nebraska with a view of opening that part of the state to settlement.

The president was officially informed to-day that the naval committee of the senate reported adversely the nomination of J. H. Watmough for paymaster general of the navy because of charges corroborated by investigation that he secured bought and sold navy supplies contrary to law. As Watmough's record is not clear it is believed the president will withdraw the nomination.

Democrats are incensed because Senator Brown joined the republicans in voting for Neil Brown for acting chief clerk. Davis voted for it but Brown against it. Democrats claim he is trying to curry favor with the administration over budget some Georgia appointments which have been active in opposing Gordon and in pushing as an independent. Others charge that he sees a great independent wave coming in 1884, and wants to ride it. Brown himself is mum.

Strife over an Office.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—There is great opposition shown to Arthur's nominee, Paymaster Watmouth of the navy. The struggle has been bitter all along and now it is becoming personal. Paymaster J. A. Smith, whose place Watmouth now occupies in charge of the naval pay office here, is prominently spoken of. Before his assignment to Washington he was paymaster of the fleet on the Asiatic station. Payments to officers were shamefully and falsely entered. He was promoted several numbers for gallantry in the engagement between the Kearsarge and Alabama, he being paymaster on board the former at the time of that famous battle.

A Statement Corrected.

Maj. Gordon, commanding the military forces at Fort Missoula, Montana, has sent the following telegram to the adjutant general of that division, and it has been transmitted to the Indian bureau by the secretary of war:

FORT MISSOULA, Jan. 23.

Agent Ronan of the Flathead Indian agency visited this post to day, and report that the statements in eastern newspapers, that an Indian outbreak was to occur on the Flathead reservation, and that the Indians are concentrating and defying authorities and intimidating the Northern Pacific railroad surveyors, are false. Although some might misunderstanding did make such remarks, there is no truth in them. The matter had been settled peaceably and surveyors are progressing with their work through the reservation without interference from Indians.

The Sherman Investigation.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 9.—Pitney to-day came before the committee on land investigation and handed in notes from Mrs. Secretary Sherman and Secretary Sherman, asking him to send workmen to the secretary's house, and said they knew this would be charged to the contingent fund. He claimed to be able to prove that the land had been sold and had decided it in positive terms, and had also denied there was any such charge made. Pitney on his part produced notes to-day and entered into details of the matter. Some dealing, stalwarts and Hill are taking a good deal of interest in the investigation for the purpose of bringing out injurious testimony. Senator Logan is said to have refused to take a hand in the matter lest his action be attributed to personal motives.

Letting of Star Route Service.

Awards under the late proposals for star route service have been nearly all made. Only a portion of the routes in the states of Kansas, Nebraska and California, and all those in Louisiana and Texas, yet remain to be let. There were over 40,000 bids received at the letting and about 25,000 awards will be made upon the proposals. The formal announcement of awards will be made about the 1st of March next.

The Choctaw Land Grant Case.

The senate railroad committee to-day continued the hearing of arguments on the pending bill to ratify an alleged grant of way by the Choctaw nation to the Texas & Pacific Railway Company. Ex-governor of the Choctaw nation was heard in advocacy of the bill and W. U. Tuggle against it.

A Washington Rumor.

A rumor prevails about the court house and is given considerable credence that the grand jury voted on one star route case which they had been considering and directed a presentment for indictment of J. W. Dorsey, L. W. Vail, John M. Miner, J. B. Sanderson, M. C. Reydall and Thos. J. Brady. This is what is termed the Dorsey combination and they are charged with conspiracy to defraud the government.

Spanish Grant Decision.

The secretary of the interior decided to-day after further hearing of counsel for claimants in the Cordada Madera del Presidio grant of California, that the department could not accept the Matthewson survey, which was presented by Montgomery Blair of claimants' counsel as a compromise, because it was not shown that Blair represented all claimants under this survey. The secretary expressed the intention of hearing further argument as to the merits of the case, and it will probably come up for consideration again in a few weeks.

Mrs. DeLong Anxious.

Secretary Hunt to-day received a telegram from Mrs. Emma DeLong, wife of Lieut. DeLong, at Burlington, Iowa, as follows: "Please ask Bennett not to detain the correspondent already at Behring. He can join the naval officers as *Herald* correspondent in the spring. Let the urgency of the case excuse this suggestion."

The secretary telegraphed in reply: "I have cabled your message to Mr. Bennett, with an approval of your suggestion."

Senator Grover's Alaskan Bill.

A bill was introduced in the senate to-day by Grover for the organization of Southeastern Alaska and establishment of a civil government there for. It provides for the appointment of a U. S. district attorney with exclusive powers over the district. The bill extends the general laws of Oregon over the district, so far as they may be applicable and not conflict with the provisions of the bill, and provides for the election of a delegate to congress in September, 1882.

A New Mining Bill.

The senate committee on mines and mining have reported favorably on the bill introduced by Senator Hill of Colorado, which provides that applicants for mineral patents residing beyond the limits of the district wherein the claim is situated may make the oath required for proof of citizenship before the clerk of any court of record or any notary public. It is still upon the calendar to-day with recommendation for passage.

Postmasters' Commissions.

Between the 1st of March and the 1st of July next the commissions of over 350 postmasters will expire. Among them are those of San Francisco, Nevada City and San Jose, California, and Georgetown, Colorado.

Cheering for California.

The signal service is authority for the statement that indications point to a more general rain storm in this state than we have had for the past two months.

A Contrast.

Hon. J. W. Nesmith was in town on Tuesday last on his way home from Walla Walla. He spoke of his trip down in a Pullman sleeping car as in striking contrast with his coming over the same ground over forty years ago on a dilapidated specimen of horse-flesh, which at its best estate was not probably to be classed with "Black Stranger" and "Delaware."—*Butler Standard*.

We clip the above extract from one of the ranting "anti-monopoly" organs. Nesmith isn't out "on meeting" yet on the anti-monopoly fandads, but we'll venture the conjecture that when he noted the "striking contrast" as above described he didn't waste any breath in denunciation of the "grasping monopoly" of to-day, nor brood in longing spirits for a return of the carriage and the plodding ox team of long ago. If such be his sentiment, we miss our guess. Men who have had such "contrasts" in practical shape before their eyes are generally satisfied with present conditions.—*Umatilla Reporter*.

Three Hungarian emigrants were killed at Pennhaven, Pa., by a train on the 9th inst.

THE SUGAR TRADE.

Rumors and Theories about the Freight Reduction.

SPRECKELS AND THE RAILROAD AT ODDS.

The New Combination of the Eastern Refiners and the Railroads—Its Probable Effect.

[Special Correspondence of the Chronicle.]

On Monday last a dispatch came from New York announcing that it had been agreed that all the rate of through freight on sugar by the Central Pacific and Union Pacific roads should be reduced from 6 cents to one cent a pound. Inquiry among importers and dealers in regard to the reasons for such action and the results to be expected from it revealed the all-pervading interest which Claus Spreckels and little else. Most of those approached on the subject professed to have no knowledge in regard to it, except that the rate had been reduced, and to the effect as to why it had been done or what effect it would have upon the trade. Such as ventured further did it sub rosa, with bated breath, finger upon lip, and "Hush! I'll tell you; but don't say you got it from me."

THE EASTERN REFINERS BESIEGE.

"I understand," said one, "that Spreckels overcrowds those eastern refineries. When he was last lately they had a conference with him to see if they couldn't bring about some understanding and allotment of the sugar trade of the country without competing for it. They proposed to make the Missouri river the dividing line of the continent's trade, taking all east of that for their territory and leaving all west of it undisputed to the Kanaka kingdom. Spreckels arrogantly rejected their proposition, saying that the Atlantic ocean was all the dividing line he would accept. That made the New York refiners mad, and they resolved upon fighting Spreckels. They made up a big pool, went to Jay Gould and Huntington, representing the injustice which the Pacific roads were doing to the Atlantic seaboard refiners and the freightage business of the railroads by keeping the rate so as to preclude competition with Spreckels in the west. In short, they outbid Spreckels and won over the railroad managers by dividing themselves each to the other, and all together, to the railroad companies to ship a stipulated quantity of sugar every month. Hence the reduction of freight."

SPRECKELS OVERREACHES HIMSELF.

Said another: "My idea is that Spreckels overreached himself and fell through in his arrangements with the railroad companies, in consequence of overconfidence. He knew, and nobody else did, that there would be a large shortage on the crops of 1880; hence he was safe in making that contract with the railroad company. In fact he outgeneraled them completely. When compelled to do, in order to meet the demand, he had imported great quantities of sugar from the east, which he sold at 10 lots as large as 5000 barrels, and used that very sugar to kill off the demand for eastern sugar. He sold it all under California refinery brands, and people not finding eastern sugar in the market, after a while ceased looking for it. Then he stopped importation and shut down, and Spreckels, with the aid of the railroad's special tariff on westward-bound sugars, got the jobbers of this coast completely under his thumb. Now he has got them so that they dare not buy a pound of eastern sugar, even under the new arrangement, because he will put down the quotation as soon as any of that sugar comes here, and then the jobbers here have very little confidence in the continuance of the eastern supply, and they know that at any of them go back on their agreement to use only his sugars, after the present competition draws off they will feel the vengeance of Spreckels and be helpless against it.

COMBINING THE SUGAR CROP.

"In 1880 Spreckels had contracts with all the Sandwich Island planters for their whole crop. He knew just what there would be, that he would have it all, and he could, with the aid of the railroad special tariff, play the market just as he pleased. He forced every member of the Produce Exchange to agreements to deal in no sugar but his, and he holds them to that agreement yet. None dare go back on it, because Spreckels can ruin them for it if they do. Last year when sugar was low he issued his circulars to the island planters for contracts for their crop; they did not fall in with his propositions so readily. Hackfeld, who controls nearly half the crop, refused. Then the bosses was in New York taking a look around to see what could be done, and they were nothing off 12 hour from him. Spreckels then got reduced to contract with him at all. To this Hackfeld replied that he had still a few left for money. They took on the even keel of their way, and Spreckels found himself largely short of his usual supply of sugar. Then, too, he counted too much on having driven off all opposition, and so terrorized the planters here that without a renewal of his railroad contract he felt sure that no eastern sugar would come in. The consequence was the railroad people concluded to show that there was a greater monopoly than was his, and made a combination with the eastern refiners to admit them into the field of competition."

EFFECT OF THE REDUCTION.

"What do you think will be the effect upon the market? Will it bring any permanent relief from the monopoly?"

"I hardly think so. I don't believe a jobber on the coast dare import any eastern sugar. In the first place, they are all bound by agreement with Spreckels not to do so. If they chose to consider themselves at liberty to break that agreement on account of the way that it was exacted, they would hesitate, because, in the first place, he would put sugar down at once below their prices; he can afford to throw away money right and left to drive off this opposition, and will do it; and in the next place they all fear his ultimate vengeance. Their experience of these opposition movements has not been such as to give them confidence in their continuance. As a rule they are started by men who want to be bought off, and when not, the parties to the competition ultimately find it more to their interest to compromise than to go on cutting each other's throats. Our people here know that when that day comes Spreckels will have them in his power again, and can take his revenge in a way to convey a forcible warning against future rebellions. If the eastern men are awake to these disadvantages, and have formed a pool sufficiently strong and determined to put their sugar on the market and sell as low as Spreckels can, with a guarantee of continuing in the field, some relief to the consumers of this coast may come of the competition. If not, it will amount to nothing. I should think they must have seen this and prepared to go in to win, if at all, but that remains to be seen."

TELEGRAPHIC SPARKS.

Numerous defaults occurred on Paris bourse yesterday.

Ferdinand de Lesseps is reported seriously ill at Cairo, Egypt.

Eleven cases of smallpox were reported at New York Thursday.

Stock brokers of Marseilles, France, have suspended payment.

There was a general improvement on the Paris Bourse yesterday.

Seven new cases of smallpox and four deaths at Chicago yesterday.

The Bank of Belgium has raised the rate of discount to 5 per cent.

Louis Archard, East India merchant at London, has failed for £500,000.

Oregon Railway & Navigation Company stock advanced three cents yesterday.

The river at Little Rock, Ark., caused considerable damage by overflow, yesterday.

The steamer Gaelic brought 890 Chinese passengers to San Francisco Wednesday.

The furniture house of McCullough & Co., at Minneapolis, was burned Wednesday night.

Harlow, Spencer & Co. of St. Louis have failed on account of a drop in grain, losing $50,000.

Berthold Auerbach, the celebrated German novelist, died at Cannes, France, on Wednesday.

Another workingmen's club was organized in San Francisco by Denis Kearney Wednesday night.

Unfavorable reports regarding the position of the Louder bank of Vienna are entirely unfounded.

Giant powder works at Newburg, N. Y., exploded yesterday, killing a woman and injuring another.

Hardy's dry goods store on Grand street, New York, was damaged $25,000 worth Thursday night.

Ryan says he will never enter the prize ring again. He thinks nothing is the greatest fighter in the world.

A lamp explosion in a St. Louis brewery killed one person and wounded several others, yesterday.

The native's have burned a town on the west coast of Africa and plundered British and French factories.

The whole German press have apparent orders to direct attention to Russia's attitude in the Balkan states.

Wm. R. Preston & Co., of New York, dealers in grain and cotton, are reported as having suspended Thursday.

Judge James Grant of Iowa has been elected president of the last congress of the National Trotting Association.

I have just taken out of pledge some Winchester and Holland rifles, and also some very fine breech-loading shotguns, to be sold for the amount loaned and interest, at Uncle Myers', 181 First street.

FOREIGN NEWS.

The Irish Question Agitated in the House of Commons.

A STRONG MOVEMENT IN AID OF IRISH EMIGRATION.

Trouble Commenced in South Africa again—The London Times wants Neutrality of an Inter-Oceanic Canal Guaranteed.

[SPECIAL DISPATCHES TO THE OREGONIAN.]

LONDON, Feb. 9.—Smythson, home rule member from Tipperary, sought to withdraw his amendment to an address in favor of a repeal of the union, but Irish members objected.

Gladstone declared the amendment would be impracticable as long as Irish members were unable to define clearly where local affairs and imperial questions began.

Plunkett, conservative, of Dublin, protested that this was an intimation to Irish members to reopen home rule agitation.

Amendment rejected, 351 to 67.

Forster, speaking upon the amendment proposed by Justin McCarthy to the address, in reply to the queen's speech, said the government had tried the effect of releasing imprisoned suspects. He referred particularly to the release of Father Sheehy, and asked, "What has been the result? the contempt public sentiment in America favored the policy of the British government, but said the 'no-rent' movement had received its chief support from that country." He asked fair rent. According to Parnell this practically amounted to no rent at all. Forster quoted Chicago convention telegrams as proving this, and referred to a speech recently delivered by Healy at New Orleans. He said he had discovered Land league's promises were unreliable, notwithstanding signs of improvement the government would not relax their vigilance. Forster spoke two hours and a half, and at the conclusion of his speech debate adjourned.

Lord Granville's Opinions.

LONDON, Feb. 9.—Lord Granville in a dispatch of January 7th to Minister West, in reference to the Clayton-Bulwer treaty controversy, denies any analogy between the cases of the Panama and Suez canals. He carefully concurs in Blaine's statement in regard to the unexampled development of the Pacific coast, but denies that it was unexpected. He says the declarations of President Monroe anterior to the treaty show that he and his cabinet had a clear perception of the great future of that region. The development of the interests of the British possessions was also contained, though possibly less rapidly. The government is of the opinion that a canal as a matter of way between the two great ocean and Europe and Asia, and as is a work which concerns not only the American continent, but the whole civilized world. With all deference to the commentators which prompted Blaine to consider that its proposals ought to be even beneficial in themselves. He cordially conveys no melancholy phase than competition between nations in the construction of fortifications to command the canal. He cannot believe any South American state would like to submit a treaty for the proposed fortifications on its territory when the claim to do so is accompanied by a declaration that the canal is to be regarded as part of the American coast. It is difficult to believe that any state of territory could retain its present independence. Lord Granville believes an invitation to all maritime states to participate in an agreement based on the stipulate as of the convention of 1850, would make the convention adequate for the purposes for which it was designated. Her majesty's government would gladly see the United States take the initiative towards such a convention, and will be prepared to endorse and support such action in any way, provided it does not conflict with the Clayton-Bulwer treaty. Lord Granville in a subsequent dispatch draws attention to the fact that Blaine, in using the argument that the treaty had been the source of continual difficulties, omits to state the questions in dispute, which related to a point occupied by Br. British in Central America. We removed in 1860 by voluntary action of Great Britain in certain treaties concluded with Honduras, etc., the whole question settlement being recognized as perfectly satisfactory by President Buchanan. Lord Granville says further, during the controversy America disclaimed any desire to have exclusive control of the canal.

Robbed and Outraged.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 9.—Newspaper reports give an account of the robbery and violation of two Jewesses in the district of Sadiasky. One of the girl's body after terrible outrage was carried off. It is reported the miscreants have been arrested.

An English Suggestion.

LONDON, Feb. 9.—The *Times* suggests that the United States invite powers generally to accede to a stipulation of neutrality for inter-oceanic communication which now, by the Clayton-Bulwer treaty, binds Great Britain and the United States. It considers that the American people would view such action favorably.

Trouble in South Africa.

CAPETOWN, Feb. 9.—The situation in Basutoland is grave. All chiefs are reported in favor of joining the rebel Masupha. The Burban Boers crossed the border and attacked Chief Montsioa's town and were repulsed with loss. Fighting was still proceeding on the 31st of January.

Protected against.

CAIRO, Feb. 9.—British and French controll's general have protested to the prime minister against the terms in which the ministerial programme mention European control.

Jewish Emigration.

LONDON, Feb. 9.—Three hundred Jewish refugees from Russia will sail Saturday for the United States. The chief rabbi here points out that thousands of Jews are likely to flee from Russia, and urges co-religionists to help them emigrate to distant and happier lands. He says enormous sums will be required for this purpose.

No Communication Had.

BERLIN, Feb. 9.—It is declared in official circles there has been no communication between Germany and Russia relative to the alleged speech of General Skobeloff in favor of panslavism.

Bank of France Statement.

PARIS, Feb. 9.—The weekly statement of the bank of France shows an increase of 76,850,000 francs, gold, and a decrease of 13,175,000 francs, silver.

Revised Areas of the United States.

New York Herald.

The areas of the United States and the several states reported in the extra census bulletin, will necessitate a revision of the corresponding figures given in school geographies, cyclopedias and other reference books. There is not a single state or territory whose area in the census return of 1880 is not different from that previously given. This has resulted from correcting some areas that were palpably erroneous—in several instances widely different areas of the same state were current—and of carefully revising others that were supposed to be approximately accurate. The total area of the United States as now revised is about 800 square miles less than heretofore fixed. It was given in the census of 1870 at 3,025,494 square miles, exclusive of 577,390 square miles of Alaska, and it is now found to be 3,025,600. In fourteen states and five territories the revised area is less than the old; in the rest it is greater. The difference is very considerable in most cases, and is great in some. The number of square miles in California is raised from 188,981 to 158,360, in Texas from 274,356 to 265,780, in Tennessee from 45,600 to 42,050, in South Carolina from 35,000 to 30,570, in Pennsylvania from 46,000 to 48,215, in Maine from 35,000 to 33,040, in New Jersey from 8320 to 7815. The area of Massachusetts has been increased from 7800 to 8315 square miles, New York from 47,000 to 49,170, Virginia from 38,348 to 42,450, Kentucky from 37,680 to 40,400, Missouri from 65,350 to 68,415, Louisiana from 41,346 to 46,720, Nevada from 104,125 to 110,700 and Wisconsin 53,924 to 56,040.

Tree Planting on the Line of the Northern Pacific.

ST. Paul Press.

General Manager Haupt of the Northern Pacific, during his late trip on the road, examined the country with special reference to tree planting in the future. This was done in accord with general instructions given some time ago by President Villard. With General Haupt's party was Mr. L. B. Hodges, who took great interest in the matter

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, FEB. 10, 1882.

THIRTY YEARS HENCE.

The official figures of foreign immigration into the United States for the year 1881 present some facts, and foreshadow the probability of others, that are really startling. The total number of immigrants that came into the United States in the year was 719,000. During the latter part of the year, and especially in December, this tide was about 51 per cent. greater than during the corresponding periods of 1880. The disturbed state of Europe, and especially in Germany, from which about one-third of our foreign immigrants come, makes it probable that the increase in 1882 over 1881 will be even greater than that of 1881 over 1880, and consequently that during the current year we shall receive considerably over 1,000,000 foreign immigrants.

When we consider that in this country the natural increase of population by the excess of births over deaths doubles the resident population in less than twenty-five years, it will be seen that it would require only about thirty years of the present influx of foreign population, together with the natural increase, to amount to a number equal to the total present population of the United States and territories, or about 50,000,000. If to this we add the natural increase of the present population, at a rate of doubling every twenty-five years (which is even longer than it really requires), it would give a total population of not less than 160,000,000 in 1911. When we think that it has taken 200 years for the accumulation of the present 50,000,000 of population of the United States, it seems at first almost incredible that within the lifetime of the great majority of men now living the population will be over three times as great as now; and yet it seems almost beyond question that this will be the case. Population increases with such enormous rapidity, not only in America, but in all parts of the globe, and especially where it has the fostering influence of civilization, that it is one of the great puzzles of human life to know what has thus far prevented every part of the world from being overcrowded with human beings. In Europe, notwithstanding all the loss of life by wars and epidemics, and all the decrease of population by emigration, the increase is enormous. In 1890 the whole of Europe contained a little over 200,000,000 of people. The same territory now contains over 300,000,000, thus showing that the average doubling period of European population is about 100 years. England doubles her population about every fifty years, and Scotland in even a shorter period. The continental countries all require a longer period. Spain, France, Belgium and Sweden require a longer period than the countries further east—owing probably to the fact that population is already so impacted on the western coast of Europe that the difficulty of obtaining subsistence checks the rapidity of the increase.

A census circular truly says that the history of the world shows no such great and persistent movement of population as that now in progress to this country, except that which overflowed from the north upon the Roman Empire, nor can it be doubted that there are many men now living who will witness as momentous results in the history of mankind from the present movement of population to America as were experienced from similar causes in the fifth and sixth centuries. These results, however, while quite as important, will necessarily be of a totally different character. Instead of a barbarian horde subverting an established civilization as then, it is the movement of an already civilized and cultivated people into the hitherto unpeopled regions in the center of the American continent, to create there, within the next half century cities and improvements, population and industry equal to that in the center of Europe.

AGAINST THE STREAM.

Nathaniel Macon of North Carolina was a noted man in his day. Certain reminiscences of an interesting nature, recently published concerning him, recall the great changes which have taken place in certain features of our political life. Mr. Macon has been described as the grand old Roman, the Cincinnatus and Cato in one, of America. He was the most persistent office-holder in his state, and perhaps in the United States; and in this particular resembled Cato, who, with all his roughness and cynicism, was the people's most humble servant always on election day. But like Cincinnatus, one of the few men who in the course of 2000 years have actually been torn from retirement by an admiring constituency, Mr. Macon seemed almost compelled to remain in or return to the public service, wherein nevertheless he preserved the simple habits and sincere speech of unsophisticated nature. Twice the speaker of the house, for a long time the president of the senate, supported for the vice presidency, and filling a prominent place in the councils of the country for thirty years, he left instructions that his grave should be made in an obscure place and should be marked only by the loose stones that lay around on the barren ground. But the point that comes out of the recently published reminiscences is that this man was the true type of the American Bourbon. In all his long service he never did an inconsistent thing and never was guilty of a progressive one. It is said that he cast more negative votes than any ten men in congress. In fact, according to his own confession, his work in the senate was one of testimony for the unchangeable principles of democracy, and of protest against the new fangled notions that have transformed the rough wilderness of his earlier days into the wonderful scenes of the present American union. When the appropriation was passed for the Delaware and Chesapeake canal, this true Bourbon solemnly declared that the American constitution was murdered! The generations swept on with their ever-swelling tides and left Nathaniel Macon an old grey figure, stranded on the shoals, shaking his prophetic finger at the rushing madness and foretelling the inevitable ruin that must ensue from such unwise and unfaithful action! Well, the grand old Bourbon has long ago faded from the landscape, and has peacefully slept the sleep of the just, beneath the uncouth stones of his rough old homestead for half a century; but in spite of his protests, his admonitions, his entreaties, the country alive with the coursing blood of young manhood has rushed on and is rushing on to fulfill its destiny and to find its doom. Would it have been better for the country to have taken Mr. Macon's advice and followed the ox-cart ways of the grandfathers? We still have those among us who seem to think so. They are talking of the prodigacy and iniquity of our railroad land grants, and begging congress to give the country relief by declaring the grants forfeit before the whole country falls under the control of transportation monopolies! Even before Mr. Macon died he found himself dislocated from political, business and social life. Were he living now he would be penetrated by the bitter emotions of the released Bastile prisoner, who found himself a lonely and unrecognized atom in the midst of a whirling and unsympathetic crowd. Such at least would be his position unless he should come out to these western confines of the republic and find solace in the company of those who hate action and progress and cling tenaciously to the doctrines and practices of that unfortunate race who never learned and more unhappily still never forgot anything.

An Ohio journal, discussing a bill to regulate the liquor traffic now before the legislature of that state, says the bill proposes to tax drunkenness as well as the manufacture of drunkenness. This is right, if the end can be reached; for certainly the individual who intoxicates himself is as conscious of misdoing as the person who sells him the intoxicating material. Drunkards have been too much flattered with the idea that they were more sinned against than sinning. They have been induced to forget that they are the victims of their own depraved and pampered appetites. They have bestialized their natures, committed crime, and laid the blame to whisky and those who sell it. They need to be taught that they have a share of personal responsibility in such behavior, and that drunkenness is a disgrace. The idea that an individual is to be excused for getting drunk because he is tempted to do so would justify all sorts of crime and disorder. This is a world of temptation. No one is exempt either from the occasions or the inducements to go astray. If men are to be justified in yielding to one class of such inducements, then they cannot be blamed for yielding to another class. No legislation can take temptation out of the world, or stand in the stead of personal responsibility.

English papers are prodding up the government about the navy of that country. The London *Globe* says: "In every essential which counts toward fighting efficiency the French navy is far ahead of our own. Their ships carry, on the average, thicker armor and heavier guns, their speed is higher, and they are entirely armed with breech-loaders, the type of gun now universally recognized as the most efficient for naval purposes. It does not, therefore, need any professional knowledge to deduce from these facts and figures the uncomfortable conclusion that France bids fair to have a considerably stronger navy than our own within a period which does not reach far into the future. And should we be so mad as to allow her to steal this advantage, it will then be too late to remedy the blunder. Ironclads take a long time in construction, even when all possible expedition is used, and before our supremacy could be re-established we might have to deplore some grave maritime disaster, followed by the loss of our invaluable ocean carrying trade."

In 1877 there were 11,022 business failures in England; in 1878, 15,059; in 1879, 16,637; in 1880, 13,147, and in 1881, 12,006. The values involved in these bankruptcies are not published, except in a vague way regarding the figures for last year, it being said that, in a majority of the failures in the wholesale trade, the liabilities were comparatively small. Mr. Soyd, the compiler, draws the conclusion from his inquiries that the wholesale business is in a more flourishing condition than formerly, but that the retail trade is still languishing in many branches. He suggests, as a possible explanation, "that the great extension of the co-operative movement, and the fact that so many of the large retail establishments have adopted a somewhat similar system, may have driven some of the smaller grocers, provision dealers, drapers, etc., into bankruptcy." If the investigation had been more comprehensively made, and carried deeper, it would have been found that, under England's free trade policy, there had been a growing tendency to large and powerful establishments of all kinds.

"More men," says the Springfield (Ill.) *Journal*, "were lynched last year in the United States than were hung according to law." This is probably true; but it is not because the American people are "a blood-thirsty, lawless mob." It is amply explained by the fact that many criminals slip away from justice that people become disgusted with the law's delays and uncertainties, and take rash punishment into their own hands. The "jury fixer," the chicanery of criminal lawyers, the technicalities and defects of the law itself all combine to release the criminal. In proportion as murderers are shielded and spared "under the law," will the community be disposed to dispatch them outside of the law. Every pardon, reprieve or commutation of sentence, every writ of supersedeas that is issued, and every new trial that is granted to a convicted murderer, and every disagreement of a jury that is announced in a murder case, is a contribution to the spirit of lawlessness, and to lynch-law methods of dealing with criminals.

In our state "division of labor" has been carried to so great perfection that the guild of professional jurymen has become well known about our court houses. Massachusetts also has the chronic juror on her hands, but is disposed to discourage him in the pursuit of his business. A bill has been introduced in the legislature to reform the method of drawing jurors, which calls forth the following from the Boston *Herald*: "We hope that the projected reform will not deprive the old standbys of the court house of their regular occupation. If we had a real big case, we should much prefer having it tried before an old experienced jury who had got used to lawyers' tricks and inured to passionate declamation. What is a broken-down old man going to do if the heartless senator deprives him of his comfortable occupation?"

The colony of Rugby, which Mr. Thomas Hughes established in Tennessee appears to have collapsed. The board of land ownership, in connection with the colony has made an assignment at its office in London. Several of the colonists had returned to England and instituted suits against the board, who allege disappointment and deceit, and it was to avoid these suits that the board made the assignment. Mr. Hughes can write pleasant books, but he can't establish an ideal colony.

After losing millions upon millions of dollars in their war upon each other, the trunk railroads operating between the principal commercial points on the Atlantic seaboard and the west have reached a compromise by which grain is to be carried at the rate of 20 cents per 100 pounds from Chicago. The rate was down to 8 cents during the "war."

DIED.

At his home in this city, Feb. 9, of pneumonia, John Van Bourden, in the 33d year of his age. *Requiescat in pace.*

Notice of funeral to-morrow.

In East Portland, Feb. 9, 1882, Bertie, son of L. B. Fields, of diphtheria.

Funeral from the residence at 11 o'clock to-day. Friends are invited to attend.

NEW TO-DAY.

WANTED—AT 89 SALMON ST., A GIRL FOR light housework. 11

WANTED—THREE HARNESS MAKERS.—Apply to R. SHERLOCK, 74 Front street. 7d9t

McCoy, Cheapest Printer, First and Stark.

A GOOD STEINWAY PIANO FOR RENT. APPLY at C. A. ALISKY'S Candy Store. 6ddfmo

QUILTS.—HOUSEKEEPERS WILL FIND A full assortment of the celebrated Barlow and Jones Marseilles Quilts at our store, which are offered at cost during our fourth annual clearance sale. OLDS & KING, 186 First st., bet. Yamhill and Taylor.

NEW TO-DAY.

WANTED—A SUITE OF FURNISHED ROOMS or one large front room. Address B, this office. 11

WANTED TWO GIRLS IN PAPER BOX FACtory, Stark street, between Front and First, entrance on Stark. 9d2t

TWO SALESMEN WANTED. APPLY TO THE Singer Manufacturing Co. 97 Morrison st., near Fifth. 5d3t

A GOOD NURSE GIRL WANTED. APPLY AT 81 Seventh St., corner of Oak. 5d6t

Portland, Feb. 10, 1882.

ROOMS AND BOARD WANTED FOR GENTLEman, wife and daughter 13 years old; good rooms and location. Address, through postoffice, 9d2t J. H. E., E. Front st., Portland.

WANTED A SITUATION BY A DRAUGHTSman and an architect; is thorough in his business; references given. Call at 210 First st., Sheldon building. 9d3t

WANTED—BY A RESPECTABLE FAMILY AN industrious young girl, to do operations work and waiting on table in a good private family; sufficient reference can be given. Inquire C. H., this office. 10d3t

WANTED BY A YOUNG MARRIED MAN, position in office or wholesale or shipping and commission house; understands book keeping and general office work; also has a thorough knowledge of marine insurance; permanent employment earnestly desired; references. Address Z., this office. 10d3t

T. E. COHN, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office Hours from 8 to 10 A. M., 1 to 2 P. M. Sundays, from 9 to 11 A. M.
Office, Union Block, Room 23, cor. First and Stark sts. 5

GARDEN LAND FOR RENT.

FOR A TERM OF YEARS, ABOUT 15 ACRES of good land, well adapted for gardening; well watered; adjoining this city, on good road. Apply to DAVID & TILTON. 10d6t

FOR RENT.

DESIRABLE OFFICES AND SUITES OF rooms on First St. Also, dwelling on Harrison, near Seventh. Inquire of T. A. WOOD & CO. 10d6t

NOTICE.

CONTRACTORS AND OTHERS WANTING piling of any length or size can be supplied on short notice by applying to J. C. FLEECE, Freeport, W. T. Long sticks a specialty. 10d3t
Astorian copy.

FOR ADOPTION.

A PRETTY FEMALE CHILD, ABOUT A WEEK old; dark hair and nice eyes; German parentage; full possession. Address DR. F. A. MEYER, 10d3t City Physician, Portland, Or.

FOR SALE.

THE DESIRABLE BUSINESS PROPERTY ON First and D Sts., occupied by the Oregon hotel and paying good interest on the investment; built for a home. 5 acres of H. Kelly's claim, East Portland; overlooking city of Portland; cleared.
N. 5, block 15, Tibbetts' addition to East Portland; cleared, and small orchard; offered cheap.
5½ acres, east of Holladay's addition, East Portland, marked "J. Guild" on city map; level, with new growth of firs.
4 choice quarters in blocks 306 and 315, Marshall's addition to East Portland, Fifteenth and D sts. This is the cheapest property offered in that vicinity.
J. D. WILCOX & CO.,
10d3tfwed 102 First St., opposite Ladd's Bank.

WALLER'S OLD STAND.

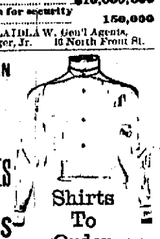
OXFORD OYSTER SALOON!

Shealwater and Eastern Oysters in every style. Chops and Steaks, etc.
27 OAK ST., PORTLAND, OREGON.

MASKS, VALENTINES.

COMIC, FANCY & SENTIMENTAL
LENT NES.
Linen Paper, Gauze and Satin Masks.
Gold, Silver and Bullion Fringe, Belts, Stars Spangles and Tassels.
WM. BECK & SON, 165 Second St.

South British and National Fire and Marine Insurance Cos.
COMBINED.
CAPITAL.....$10,000,000
With unlimited liability of shareholders, and
The City of London Fire Insurance Co. of London (limited).
Capital.....$10,000,000
Deposited in Oregon for security of policy holders.....150,000
JAMES LAIDLAW, Gen'l Agents.
T. H. ALLEN, Manager, Jr. 16 North Front St.



ORDERS TAKEN FOR
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Shirts To Order

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Successors to Miller & Richard, Scotch Type Founders,
IMPORTERS OF
PRINTING & LITHOGRAPHIC PRESSES & MATERIAL,
SOLE AGENTS FOR
Cottrell & Babcock, Peerless, and Campbell Presses,
AND
GEM PAPER CUTTERS.
WAREHOUSE:
509 Commercial St. and 205 Leidesdorff St.

SAN FRANCISCO, Cal., Jan. 29, 1882.

We have pleasure in informing the Printers of Oregon and Washington Territory that we have this day purchased from Messrs. MILLER & RICHARD Scotch Type Founders, of this city, their entire stock of Type and Printing Materials, also their ELECTRO and STEREOTYPE FOUNDRY, together with the good will of their business. We shall keep always in stock large quantities of
Scotch, Roman and Old Style Type and Plain Job Letter.
ALSO THE NEWEST LINES OF
FANCY TYPE FROM LEADING AMERICAN FOUNDERS.

Our prices for type will be the same as charged by Messrs. MILLER & RICHARD in the past, and our terms reasonable.

☞ Send for our new catalogue of Presses, Engines and Water Motors and Bookbinders' Machinery.

PALMER & REY.

THE ESMOND RESTAURANT,

THE BEST IN THE CITY.
Special Rates to Families.
147 Third Street.

FOURTH WEEK OF
The City Dry Goods Store's Annual Clearance Sale
AT ACTUAL COST,

Is now in progress, with additional clerks in attendance. Come early each day. (John Wilson's old stand.)

BANKING HOUSE OF HENRY CLEWS & CO.

18 New Street, New York,
(NEXT DOOR TO THE STOCK EXCHANGE.)

Stocks and Bonds bought and sold only on commission for cash or on margin. Deposits received. Four per cent. allowed on all daily balances. Members of the N. Y. Stock Exchange and the Chicago Board of Trade. Private wire to Chicago. d3wfri8

DIVIDEND NOTICE.

The Home Mutual Insurance Co.
OF CALIFORNIA

WILL PAY ITS REGULAR MONTHLY DIVIdend of one per cent. upon its capital stock to the Oregon Stockholders on and after Feb. 10, at the office of its agency, southeast corner of Stark and First streets, Portland. GEO. L. STORY,
9d3t Manager.

TAX NOTICE.

THE TAXPAYERS OF MULTNOMAH COUNTY will please take notice that the tax roll for the year 1881 has been placed in my hands for the collection of taxes, which are now due and payable at the office of the sheriff, at the court house. An early settlement particularly requested.
ja3d&wtnov1 JOSEPH BUCHTEL,
Sheriff and Tax Collector of Multnomah County.

The Shirring and Ruffling Machine,
INDISPENSABLE

TO DRESSMAKERS AND MILLINERS. Agents wanted, Address, for particulars, J. B. TOPLITZ, General Agent for the Pacific Coast, 629 Clay street, San Francisco, Cal. P. O. Box 1506. j24d1m

WANTS.

WANTED TWO CROMPTON LOOM WEAVers and a carder. Apply at 71 Davis st. 8d3t

WANTED A GOOD GERMAN OR SCANDInavian cook. Apply at 171 Davis st., between Sixth and Seventh. 9d2t

WANTED—A YOUNG MAN WANTS EMPLOYment between the hours of 12 and 6 P. M.; is not afraid of work. Address M., this office. 9d2t

WANTED—A YOUNG LADY WHO WRITES plainly and rapidly desires employment as copyist. Address J. N., Oregonian office. 9d2t

WANTED—A WOMAN WHO CAN COOK CAN get a situation at one of the best wages at 82 Fourth St. Don't apply unless you are a good cook with good references. 9d2t

WANTED—AN APPRENTICE TO LEARN PHOtographing. Must be well recommended. 7d3t
BECKMEN, West Side and Ankeny sts.

WANTED—A PARTNER IN THE BOTTLE BUSiness in a prosperous country town; half interest in the real estate and business for sale for $2000 cash. Apply to E. MARTIN & CO. 12d3t

WANTED A GOOD SOLICITOR TO TRAVEL for the Universal Benevolent Association of California for unmarried persons. Liberal terms to the right man. Female agents wanted in every town in Oregon and Washington territory. Address A. WHITEWELL, General Agent for Oregon and Washington Territory, Room 8, Union Block, Portland, Or. ja29d1m

PRIVATE BOARDING.

ELEGANT FURNISHED ROOMS,

BY THE WEEK OR MONTH, WITH OR WITHout board. Theodosia accommodated. Location is best in the city. Address P. O. Box 2b. 45

FINANCIAL.

$1000 TO INVEST IN THE COMMISSION or grocery business, where owner will have employment of proceeds. Reliable references. Address "GROCER," Oregonian Office. 9d3t

SPECIAL NOTICES.

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN THAT WE WILL not be responsible for any debts contracted by Henry Scherr, son of Mary Hofer. MARY HOFER.
Milwaukie, Or., Feb. 1, 1882. 6d6t GEO. HOFER.

TO WHOM IT MAY CONCERN. THIS IS TO notify all persons residing in the neighborhood of the Council Crest Coin, on the line of the Oregon Railway and Navigation Company's road, now being constructed through East Portland, that until such time as the excavations are completed where blasting is necessary, blasting may be expected between 12 and half-past 12 o'clock, on each day. To further warn all interested, a horn will be blown 15 minutes before the blasts should take place. 8d1f

BALLS AND PARTIES.

GRAND MASQUERADE

OF THE
PORTLAND SOCIAL TURN VEREIN.
AT
Turn Halle, Monday Even'g Feb. 13.

SIX PRIZES:

For Best Sustained Character—Lady and Gentleman. For Finest Costumes—Lady and Gentleman. For Most Comical Characters—Lady and Gentleman.

All maskers must be identified at the door.
ADMISSION—Gent Maskers, $1; Lady Maskers, 50c.; Spectators, 50c.
Tickets may be had at S. L. Beary's, and Allsky & Hegele's. Reserve seats can be had at Allsky & Hegele's without extra charge. j24d&wfeb6

Help Us!---We Seldom Ask.

FIREMEN'S BALL!

AT
Turn Verein Hall, Feb. 21, 1882.

BENEFIT OF THE
Firemen's Mutual Aid Association.

FIREMEN'S MARCH AT 8 P. M.

Honorary Committee:
W. A. HART, Chief Engineer, P. F. D.
JOHN KEARNEY, 1st Asst. P. F. D.
W. C. McKRAN, 2d Asst. P. F. D.
THOS. A. JORDAN, J. H. LYON,
A. R. HALLOCK, HARRY MORGAN,
JOS. BUCHTEL, ROBERT HOLMAN.

Committee of Arrangements:
W. A. HART, B. L. NORDEN,
HARRY MORGAN, WM. LUNDBERG,
JOHN BARRY, F. R. HARRINGTON,
HARRY GURR.

Reception Committee:
JOS. SIMON, Pres. P. F. D.
GEO. C. SEARS, Pres. F. M. A. S.
R. M. McMASTER, Sec'y P. F. D.
THOS. A. JORDAN, ex-Chief Engineer.
CHAS. A. LABBE, Foreman No. 1.
T. H. THEVETT, Foreman No. 2.
JAS. RIERNAN, Foreman No. 3.
HARRY MORGAN, Foreman No. 4.
C. C. DOBELHOWER, Foreman No. 5.
M. F. SHEEHAN, Foreman No. 6.
WM. McLEAN, Foreman V. H. & L. No. 1.

Floor Committee:
JOHN BARRY, S. G. SKIDMORE,
W. E. JONES, H. B. GRIFFIN,
CHAS. CHRISTIE, W. F. MATTHEWS,
WM. LUNDBERG, MARTIN WALLACE.
HENRY GURR.

Members of the various companies are requested to appear in uniform.

Tickets (admitting gentleman and lady).....$1.

WE ARE PLEASED TO MAKE THE FOLLOWING FACTS KNOWN:

All our goods are marked 25 per cent. lower this year than hitherto. Hotel Men, Restaurant and Housekeepers SHOULD NOT FAIL TO GET OUR PRICES before buying elsewhere. We guarantee them a saving of 25 per cent. Our facilities for buying goods in our line CHEAPER than any other house on this coast are better NOW than ever before, and our customers shall share with us in our advantages. Be sure to get our prices before buying elsewhere.

ACKERMAN'S DOLL BAZAR STORE,

BRANCH OF
ACKERMAN BROTHERS, S. F.,
Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Crockery, Glass and Plated Ware, Cuttery, Clocks, Baby Carriages, and a full line of Notions.

We also beg to state that we are in receipt, per last steamer, of a complete line of HAVILAND'S PREPARED CHINA, for Decorating, and our artist, Mr. G. G. White, is now ready to execute any orders on short notice and moderate charges.

TO OWNERS OF REAL ESTATE

"While the boom is on, and before the bubble bursts," give us four properties for sale. We have buyers at fair rates for any amount of City and Suburban Properties. Send in your instructions before the bears get possession of the market.

J. FRED CLARK CO.,
Real Estate Agents,
8d8tatt 28 Washington St.

ALBINA.—Investors and speculators in Real Estate can find no cheaper or handsomer properties than those Extra-sized Lots we are selling for $200 each. They are located on the extension of Fourth street, East Portland, and are high and level. Terms, one-third cash, balance at from one to four years, with interest at 9 per cent. per annum. Only a very limited number at this price remain unsold.
J. FRED CLARK & CO.,
Real Estate Agents,
9d1m 28 Washington St.

MONEY TO LOAN

In Sums of $300 and Upwards,
On First-class Improved Farms in Western Oregon.
AT LOWEST CURRENT RATES.
A. W. OCOBOCK, 151 First St.

WORLD-RENOWNED
STEINWAY & SONS PIANOS!
AGENCY FOR THE NORTHWEST.
83 Yamhill St., near Fourth.
☞ Catalogues free. j24d1f

TO LET.

ROOMS TO RENT.

NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS CAN BE HAD at 54 North Eighth, corner of Esther st. Prices low. 9d3t

TO LET!

BY THE DAY, WEEK OR MONTH, NICELY furnished rooms in the Sherlock House, corner Second and Oak. Night keys furnished rooms when desired. may3d1f

BUSINESS SPECIALS.

MISS CAHILL,

LATE OF SAN FRANCISCO, WISHES TO INform the ladies of Portland that she has opened a fashionable dressmaking establishment on First st., between Washington and Alder. Cutting and fitting a specialty. Suits made stylish and perfect fit from $6 to $12. Country orders promptly attended to. 5d2tfeb

WEEKS & MORGAN, Wholesale & Retail Oregon and Nevada Merchants, Nos. 247 249 and 251 Front St., bet. Stark and Madison.

BURRIDGE & SPAULDING, Bricks and Packers, cor. Second and Burnside, offer a full line of best quality of Moulds, Hands and Rasps. mll

SEATTLE PROPERTY.

ALL PERSONS HAVING PROPERTY IN SEattle, who want to sell it, will find purchasers by consulting with the undersigned. Give a description of the property and price asked.
E. KELSON & PHINNEY, Seattle, W. T.

LOST.

STRAYED OR STOLEN

FROM U. S. SNAG BOAT, ONE DOUBLE-NOSE black ass; weighs about 700 pounds; little white on end of tail; age 10 months; from chain collar, broke and no label with copper wire. A liberal reward will be paid on delivering the same to 27 South Second. 9d3t

SHIPS' NOTICES.

BARK "ELLOCK," CAPT. SWEETSIRSKITE, from Honolulu, S. I. Consignees will please receive their freight from the above vessel, as the undersigned consignee of the above named vessel will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew. 9d3t HENRY HEWETT, Consignee.

BARK "ELLOCK," CAPT. SWEETSIRSKITE, from Honolulu, S. I. Neither the master nor the undersigned consignee of above named vessel will be responsible for any debts contracted by the crew. 9d3t HENRY HEWETT, Consignee.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS.

J. SHERWIN,
ARCHITECT AND SUPERINTENDENT,
Offices—Rooms 41, 42 and 50, third floor, Union Block, First street, Portland, Oregon. j10d3m

MARYE & WEBBER,
Civil Engineers and Surveyors.
Office—29 Stark St., Union Block, Portland, Or. (With Jno. Perry & Wilde, Real Estate Agents. j6d30

COOK'S MUSIC PARLORS.

TWENTY YEARS EXPERIENCE AS AN INstructor enables Prof. Cook to economize the time of the pupil.
Third Floor Lashbe's Block, Corner Second and Washington Streets.

DR. F. C. GEIGER,
Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon,
No. 85 Fourth St., Portland, Or.

M. WELLS, M. D.,
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
Office—Rooms 56, 57, 58 Union Block, Portland, Or.

DRS. A. E. & Z. B. NICHOLS,
HOMEOPATHIC
Physicians and Surgeons,
Portland, Oregon.
Rooms 50, 60, 61 and 62, Union Block.
SPECIALTIES:
Dr. Z. B. N.—Diseases of Women.
Dr. A. E. N.—Diseases of Eye, Ear and Throat.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.

A FULL BLOODED ENGLISH RETRIEVER, one Sharp's rifle and a double-barrel shotgun. Apply on board ship "Level to Barge," at railroad wharf, East Portland. 8d1w

FOR SALE.

20 ACRES, 5 MILES SOUTH OF MARYSVILLE, or the Kern tract. This tract of 160 acres sold in a week for $35 per acre; some of it has since sold for $50 per acre. We will sell this twenty acres for $400. LENT & McGREW, 10 Stark street.

TO ALL WEAK-KNEED.

ALL PERSONS HAVING REAL ESTATE IN Portland, who wish to realize upon the same before the crash, can find cash purchaser at present market prices, by giving list of property and prices. Box 814, Portland, Oregon. 7d5t

A BONANZA FOR SOME ONE.

A STOCK OF GENERAL MERCHANDISE OF about $2000, together with store houses, ground, etc., is offered for sale for the next 30 days. It is located in one of the richest and healthiest parts of the country; very handy to shipping; has freight to settle with, and among the most prosperous farmers to be found anywhere. Object in selling, failing health and a change necessary. Person meaning business can get particulars from HERRY & WHITE,
ja30 Real Estate Agents, 29 Stark St.

FOR SALE—MILL PROPERTY IN SOUTHERN OREGON.

THE FLOURING MILL AND VALUABLE water power known as the Eberlein estate, near Roseburg. The property embraces an equipped mill, 320 acres farming and grazing lands, 10 acres for additional mill site, water wide for woolen mill, with right of way for ditch to same. Rare opportunity for investment. For particulars address J. G. PELTZER, Roseburg, or McDOUGALL & BOWER, 24 First St., Portland. ja24d1w

SUBURBAN LANDS.

75 ACRES, SIX MILES EAST OF PORTLAND; one-third in cultivation; house, barn, orchard, fruit, etc.
40 Acres, three miles south of Portland; commands an excellent view of the city and surroundings; would make a delightful suburban home; price, $2500.
74 Acres three miles east of Portland; fronts on good road; level land; price, $100 per acre.
180 Acres, valley farm; all open land; convenient to market; good buildings; price, $45 per acre; very cheap.
10 Acres, two and one-half miles from city; level; good suburban location; price $175 per acre.
80 Acres, nine miles west of Portland; timber land; price, $80 per acre.
160 Acres, valley farm; all open land; convenient to market; good buildings; price, $45 per acre; very cheap.
For further particulars of the above and a large amount of other lands near the city, see
j4d1m VAN B. DELASHMUTT.

WHO WANTS IT!

HERE I AM, WITH ONE MORE CHOICE farm, that must be disposed of within the next sixty days; it belongs to an estate and has to be closed out. There is 90 acres of it, all under a high state of cultivation, with good fences all around it. It is located one mile south of Gervais, on the line of the O. C. R. R., in the center of the Willamette valley; 91 acres of it under the plow, 10 acres timber. There is now growing on the place forty acres of fall wheat, one good orchard, lots of berries and other small fruits; a fine two-story brick house containing seven hard-finished rooms, good cellar; good large barn and other outbuildings; one harvester, one fanning mill, one seed drill, plows, harrows and a lot of small farming implements too numerous to mention. Price $7000; half cash, balance time. For further particulars call on or address HARRISON B. GATMAN,
j30d1m Portland, Or.

LAW CARDS.

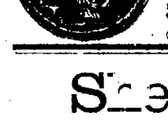
D. P. DENNISON. C. B. WATSON.
DENNISON & WATSON,
Attorneys and Counsellors-at-Law,
PORTLAND, OREGON.
Room 21, Union Block. ja30d1m
Consultation and advice free to ladies.

C. E. UPTON & WM. M. UPTON.
ATTORNEYS-AT-LAW,
Walla Walla, W. T.
SPECIAL ATTENTION PAID TO COLLECTIONS at Pendleton, Centerville, Weston and Milton, Or., Walla Walla, Waitsburg, Dayton, Pomeroy, Colfax and Palouse City, W. T.

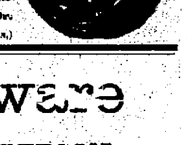
THE ONLY Leading Shoe Dealers

MRS. L. PILGER,

153 FIRST STREET.



The Leading Shoe Dealers.
Mail Order. W. P. & Co. carry parcels.
Will send Handsome Dresses, all wool, for from $15 upward; also Dolmans and Mantellets for from $15 upward—only all-wool and best French Goods. Have also lower grades, but prefer orders of good material. Send size of bust, sleeves, skirt, waist and under arm.
MRS. LITT, as usual, attends to fine Dressmaking. Address,
M. M. LITT,
Corner Third and Alder, Portland, Or.
P. O. Box 397.
(Award for Cloaks.) (Award for Suits.)



Shelf Hardware

AT WHOLESALE.
DAYTON, HALL & LAMBERSON,
Corner First and Taylor Sts. Portland, Or.

CARPETS, CARPETS, CARPETS!

UPHOLSTERY GOODS.
NEWEST DESIGNS AND COLORS.
WALTER BROS., 85 First Street.

ORIGINAL AND GENUINE.

We wish to thoroughly impress upon the mind of every buyer of Dry Goods and Gents' Furnishing Goods that during this, our FOURTH

Annual Clearing Sale

EVERY article and line of goods in our store is offered

AT COST. AT COST. AT COST. AT COST.

NO OLD STOCK—NO TRASH,

But desirable goods of intrinsic worth, suited to the wants of every man, woman and child. Special attention is called to our

SILKS, DRESS GOODS, CLOAKS, AND LADIES' UNDERWEAR.

OLDS & KING,

186 FIRST ST., BET. YAMHILL AND TAYLOR.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

REDUCTIONS! REDUCTIONS!

ROOM! ROOM! ROOM!

Before my departure for the East, where I will purchase my Spring stock, I intend making a sweeping reduction in prices, as I need room.

Look at a Few of My Prices:

Ladies' Calf Buttons	$2 00
Ladies' Calf Buttons, worked B. H.	2 50
Ladies' Pebble Buttons	2 00
Ladies' Pebble Buttons, worked B. H.	2 50
Ladies' American Kid Buttons	1 75
Ladies' B. Calf Lace Shoes	1 75
Ladies' Calf Lace Shoes, Dress	2 25
Men's Full Stock Rip Boots	3 50
Men's Calf Prize Tip do	4 00
Children's Shoes will be sold at correspondingly low prices.	

Call and Convince Yourself.
NEW YORK BOOT AND SHOE STORE,
H. GALLICK, Prop'r.
193 First Street, Portland. d3m

CHEAPER THAN READY MADE.

Pegged Boots, American calf or kip	4 50
Pegged Shoes, American calf or kip	4 50
Pegged Boots, French calf or kip	7 50
Pegged Shoes, French calf or kip	5 50
Sewed Shoes, French calf or kip	7 50
Sewed Boots, French calf or kip	9 50
Pegged boots half soled	75
Pegged boots or shoes half soled and heels	1 00
Ladies' Shoes, channel tailed, Morocco	5 00
Ladies' Shoes, hand sewed, from	$7 50 to 9 00
Ladies' shoes half soled and heels fixed	85
Ladies' shoe heels repaired	30

ALL WORK WARRANTED.
G. A. LINDELEAF, Maker and Agent,
d30t 73 Washington St., near Fourth.

PORTLAND FISH DEPOT,

Wholesale and Retail Dealer in
Fresh and Salt Fish of All Kinds.
HOTELS, RESTAURANTS & FAMILIES SUPPLIED ON SHORT NOTICE.
All Orders promptly attended to, and delivered free of charge to all parts of the city. Country orders solicited.
JAMES WILLIAMS, Prop'r,
8d1m 8 and 9, Central Market.

MRS. A. LARSON,
MANUFACTURER OF
ALL KINDS OF WIGS,
EAST SIDE FIRST ST., BET. JEFFERSON AND COLUMBIA.
Switches made to order.
Lessons given in Hair Work. j15d1m

LADIES

TAKE NOTICE THAT WE WILL FOR THE month of February only make stylish worsted suits for $8, and silk suits for $12. Cutting and fitting done by Miss Kate O'Connor, the well known dressmaker. j23d1m MINVILLE & CO., 151 Third St.

AUCTION AND COMMISSION.

S. L. M. GILMAN. M. CROCKER.
GILMAN & CO.,
Auctioneers and Commission Merchants,
No. 48 First St., bet. Pine and Ash.

AUCTION SALES OF REAL ESTATE, FURNIture, General Merchandise, Horses, Cattle, Buggies, etc.
REGULAR SALE DAYS—Tuesdays and Fridays at 10 o'clock A. M.

REGULAR AUCTION SALE OF HOUSEHOLD FURNITURE

We will sell at our salesroom, No. 42 First street,
FRIDAY, FEB. 10, 1882,
At 10 o'clock A. M.

CARPETS:
200 yards Tapestry Brussels Carpets;
100 yards Two-Ply Carpets.
ALSO
Bedroom Suits, Mattresses, Pillows, Blankets, Comforts, Sheets, Crockery, Glassware, Mirrors, Cutlery, Wood Mattresses, Lounges, Lamps, Clocks, Brackets, Cook and Ten Plate Heating Stoves.
ALSO
1 Piano, 2 Iron Safes, 25 reams Paper, and a large assortment of MERCHANDISE.
GILMAN & CO., Auctioneers.

S. FRIEDMAN,

Auctioneer & Commission Merchant
AT THE
Old Auction House, S. E. cor. First & Pine sts.
will sell at auction all kinds of General Merchandise, Furniture, Real Estate, Horses, Cattle, etc.
Will buy Furniture, Entire Stocks of Merchandise, or will sell for parties owning them. Also, keep an assortment of General Merchandise for
RETAIL TRADE.
Sale Days, Wednesdays and Saturdays.
MILLINERY AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

The Daily Oregon

FRIDAY MORNING, FEB. 10

CITY.

DEATH OF JOHN VAN BEURDEN.—Last night ten John Van Beurden, the well-known ... died at his residence on Mt. Third street, ... of pleuro-pneumonia, after an

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, FEB. 10, 1882.

CITY.

DEATH OF JOHN VAN BEURDEN.—Last night at half past ten John Van Beurden, the well-known jeweler, died at his residence No. 311 Third street near Clay, of pleuro-pneumonia, after an illness of only seven days. Up to half an hour before his death he retained his consciousness and recognized friends. He made a will Wednesday evening. Mr. Van Beurden was a native of Belgium, came to Portland about seven years ago, and soon began business on his own account in which he was very successful. He was honored with the appointment of commissioner for Oregon at the Paris exhibition in 1878. He was a man of thorough education and polished manners, and had the respect of a large circle of acquaintances and friends. In the Handel & Haydn society he was a valued member because his musical attainments were of a high order and he always entered into the work with intelligence and zeal. About six years ago he married Miss Richards, who with two daughters survive him. The time of the funeral has not been announced. It will probably take place from the Cathedral Saturday morning.

PRISONERS ESCAPED.—About 6 o'clock Wednesday evening four prisoners of the Salem jail escaped by severing one of the bars of the grating on the south side of the building, with either a saw or file, given to them from parties outside. The escape was not discovered until about 7 o'clock, when the sheriff made a tour of the building to confine the prisoners to their cells for the night. The names of the prisoners who escaped are: Samuel Carlyle, sent from Douglas county, for embezzlement; on a charge of manslaughter, L. H. Hall, bound over on a charge of larceny; Hadlock, larceny of clothes from Stephen Reid, and a man by the name of Campbell, sent from the justice court, at Turner, for larceny. Officers immediately began to search the town and vicinity for the prisoners, but up to midnight of Wednesday, none had been recovered. No advice of later date has as yet been received.

FATALLY BURNED.—Last Sunday a ten year old daughter of Samuel Grindstaff, of Highland, Clackamas county, while playing at an open fire with her older sister, was burned to death. It appears that both girls were partially idiotic, and the older one put a burning brand against the younger one's clothes, meaning no harm, when the dress ignited, and before the flames could be extinguished by the older sister, the girl was burned almost beyond recognition. The parents of the child were not at home at the time of the accident. The child expired the following day, after suffering great agony.

POISONED BY DEAD MICE.—A few days ago Mr. D. W. Ellis, who resides a few miles from East Portland, put poison in his granary to rid it of mice. The mice after eating the poison by some means got out of the granary, and a number of them fell into the well, from which the family had used water until they became very sick. A physician was sent for, and after discovering their ailment ordered the well cleaned, when they found a number of dead mice. Although nothing serious has come of it, the people are very sick, Mrs. Ellis being bedridden.

RELEASED.—Wallie and Samuel Hall of Roseburg were arrested last Monday by Sheriff Buchtel on a dispatch from the sheriff of Douglas county. It appears that the party left unsettled accounts amounting to $300 or $400, which they failed to make proper arrangements about, and the creditors were afraid they were about to leave the state. The young men promptly made satisfactory arrangements and were yesterday dismissed from custody.

ALMOST A BLAZE.—The residence of Mr. Geo. Tuttle on Eighth street between Stark and Oak, narrowly escaped burning to the ground, Wednesday, by ignition of some clothing which had been near a stove to dry. A woman employed in the residence adjoining, seeing smoke, rushed into the room and extinguished the flames, which by that time had spread to the floor. The damage was but slight.

ANGUS SUED FOR DAMAGES.—August Angus who shot and wounded Nicholas Arat last Sunday night, is still in the county jail, no bonds as yet having been furnished. Arat's counsel, Francis Clarno, yesterday filed papers in the circuit court against Angus to recover $10,000 damages. Arat's condition, though not critical, is painful and may end fatally. The wounded arm has not yet been amputated.

WAGON ROAD TO BE FINISHED.—Daniel Chaplin, of La Grande, built last year twenty-two miles of wagon road from the mouth of Meacham creek into the Blue mountains. Yesterday the O. R. & N. Co. let to Mr. Chaplin a contract for completing the road to Meacham station, making a total of 30 miles. This is done to give the railroad contractors better access to their work.

WARD BOUND OVER.—Thomas Ward, who was arrested Wednesday on a charge of perjury, was yesterday taken before Judge Stearns, where he waived examination and was held to answer in the sum of $1000. No bonds were given for his release, neither was his fine of $50 and costs for assault and battery paid, in consequence of which he was taken to the county jail.

FUNERAL.—The remains of Miss Josie Bettman, who died Friday, were laid to rest in the Jewish cemetery, in the presence of many friends. Rev. Dr. Rosenspitz delivered a very touching address. The pall bearers were Messrs. Ed. Ackerman, Frank M. Cohn, Ben Neustadter, Rudolph Goldsmith, I. Lowengart, I. N. Fleischner, Simon Selling and Samuel Beck.

A JOURNEY TO THE GRAVE.—The body of Frank Compton, who fell from a bridge at Kibbiln's ferry, on the Sandy on Tuesday morning, was taken to Delin's undertaking rooms Wednesday night, where it was enclosed in a casket and yesterday morning sent to Dallas, Polk county. He will be buried at that place under the auspices of the Odd Fellows lodge.

JAMES MURPHY FINED.—James Murphy was yesterday arraigned in the police court, where he plead guilty to a charge of assault and battery preferred by James Meier, and was fined $40. Being unable to pay his fine, he was taken to the county jail, where he will get his meals free for twenty days.

VISITORS.—Judge J. R. Lewis, Mrs. T. S. Russell and Mr. Kirk C. Ward, the committee appointed at Seattle to visit and investigate the school system and buildings of this city, are in the city. They will begin their tour of inspection to-day.

CLEARING CONTRACT.—The O. R. & N. Co. have let to David, Steel, Bates & Co., the contract for clearing the line of road from Pendleton to Mikeeta (mouth of Meacham creek). The same firm has the contract for constructing the grade.

OREGON PATENTS.—During the past week patents have been granted to F. Gundolph, of this city, for pin jewel holder, and to J. W. & A. B. Jory, of Salem, for grain header.

TO POOR HOUSE.—Dr. Watkins yesterday sent a Chinaman named Oh Gee, who has for some time been sick and helpless and without care, to the county poor house.

ROSEBURG AND OAKLAND.—Bishop Morris will officiate at Roseburg on Sunday morning and evening the 11th of February, and on Monday evening the 12th at Oakland.

BUSINESS NOTICES.

Beck & Son have masks and valentines.

Jos. Pilger, 153 First street, takes orders for perfect fitting shirts.

Palmer & Rey, successors to Miller & Richards, Scotch tyre founders, make an important announcement to all printers this morning.

REAL ESTATE TRANSACTIONS.

DEEDS.

K H Sheldon and wife to John M Payne, 2000 square feet, part of lot 6, blk 31, E P, Feb 6—$1225.

Frank Dekum and J Slavich as executors to Francis Clarno, lot 1 in S ½ double block L and E ½ lots 7 and 8, blk 183, Portland, Feb 8—$3375.

AT COST.—Till March 1st, will be sold the entire stock of millinery goods at Miss A. I. Jorgensen's, 103 First street. The ladies should note this.

SLIGHTLY DAMAGED.

$1500 worth of laces, embroideries, corsets, etc., were damaged at the recent fire in Mellis Bros. & Co's store. The loss was promptly adjusted by the insurance companies, and we are now at liberty to offer them for sale. As no one refuses a bargain when it is offered an early call is advisable.

Ask any of the fair sex where to get the choicest candies, and they invariably recommend S. L. Stone, First and Ash.

The largest and best selected stock of Valentines in Portland can be seen by calling at the popular music house of J. H. Robbins & Son, 229 First street.

The land belonging to the estate of the late William Love, situated on the Vancouver road about four miles from Portland, will be sold on Saturday, the 11th of February, at 10 o'clock A. M.

The People's Transfer Co., 5 Washington st., check baggage on all outgoing steamers at private residences. Orders left at the office promptly attended to.

Garrison's, 167 Third street, is the best place to get sewing machines repaired, and for needles, attachments, silk thread, machine parts, etc.

Valentines at cost at New York Novelty Co's, 49 First street.

Roller skating and bicycle school at the pavilion; open every day and evening (Sundays excepted).

THE DAILY OREGONIAN is for sale at Gill's, and N. P. News Co's.

Valentines, Valentines and *Masks*, at *New York Novelty Co.'s, 49 First street.*

Agents and canvassers wanted at *New York Novelties*,' 49 First street, for fast selling articles.

A fine second hand Piano, good as new, at 163 Third street. Must be sold at once.

Mrs. Dr. Owens, office over Plummer's drug store. Diseases of women and the eye and ear specialties.

The happiest woman is she who has her sewing machine repaired by John Barbey, 91 Yamhill street.

Best coffee in city. Eastern and local oysters in any style. White cook in charge of cuisine. Open at night. Burrows', 114 North First street.

CHURCH MISSION.

Holy communion was administered at 9 A. M., after which the congregation adjourned to the Sunday school room, when Bishop Morris read a paper entitled "Minor notes on the services of the Prayer Book." It covered a large ground, made a number of very valuable suggestions, and was throughout a very interesting and instructive paper. Comments were made and questions asked upon many points by most of the clergy present.

At 7:30 P. M. the closing service of the mission was held in Trinity church. The service was but short, only a portion of evening prayer being said, after which a good paper was read by the Rev. Mr. Stevens on the "Teaching Church." This was followed with an address by Bishop Paddock of Washington territory, an address illustrated, eloquent and practical. With great beauty and force of language did he declare prayer to be a great moral guage did he declare prayer to be a great moral force and power in the world, and that only as Christian people made a constant, ardent, believing use of this power may they expect the lethargy and indifference to spiritual things that now so generally exists to pass away and the holy spirit's influences pour out to refresh the soul. To this duty of prayer he exhorted the people to be given, both in their closets and in the house of God that they may be strong to conquer sin and to die valiant service for their dear Lord and Master. The attendance at this service was good, the singing congregational and inspiriting, and in every respect it was a delightful close of a series of services most pleasing and profitable to all who attended them.

BRIEF MENTION.

The State due to-night.

The funeral of William Roderick Taylor is postponed until to-day at 11 o'clock.

Yesterday's weather was a strange mixture of heavy rain, snow, wind, sunshine, showers and almost calm—cold.

Joseph Seppech states that the man arraigned in Justice Petrain's court Wednesday is John Seppech, not Joseph, as before stated.

The East Portland headquarters for the DAILY, WEEKLY and SUNDAY OREGONIAN is at the news depot of Henry Warren, Fourth street between I and J.

BARMAN HELD TO ANSWER.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 9.—The examination of Isaac Barman, the Portland merchant, on three charges of having obtained goods by means of false representations from merchants in this city was concluded before Judge Rosenbaum to-day, and accused held to answer in each charge, with bail set at $1000 on each.

OUTGOING PASSENGERS.

The Oregon sailed at midnight with the following passengers:

A R Quinn and wife	M C Lynch
Chas Bush	Mrs N J Porter
John Williams	B T Taylor
Mrs J Nichols	John Wiles
J S Graves, wife & child	E H Noel
A Anderson	Thos Hutton
F B Switzer	M J Frazier
Mrs Terry and child	W W Smallwood and wife
Chas Wing	Julius Tourney
Andrew Miller	G W Walker
Mrs G W Dougherty	F W Simpson
Mrs Hattie & 6 children	W E Brown
R R Hill	Jas Smith
Miss Katie Davis	N Meyer
Mrs J Francis and child	J P Meyer
J R Baker, wife and child	S E Neller
A Goodnough	O Adler and wife
John Dolan	Mrs Stewart McLure, c & s
H A Clark	O Rosenduff
D McClure	H Hirschberg
C F Baker and wife	Mrs M Bresley
Mrs James Muir	Miss Smith
Miss Durban	Miss F Raleigh
W H Nash	E A Post
A W Gregory	C W Pike
C F Glading and child	Carl Spuhn
H Comstock	A W Stewart
H W Monastes	T Dittenhoofer and wife
T B Boyd and wife	Capt E W Blasdell
Chas Chase	H S Moloney
S Williams and wife	E A Hawley and wife
H Weimon	C A White
Mrs Hoffenden	F H Weatherbee
H. Gallick	John Knight

And 35 in steerage.

HOTEL ARRIVALS.

OCCIDENTAL HOTEL.

C Ainsworth, Hubbard	R Olney, City
L E Wise, Oregon City	H J Robie & wf, Oregon C
Mrs Harrison, Dalles	G W Foss, Dallas
J C Schultz, Dallas	F M Luchsinger, Brownsville
T Dockett, Beaverton	
G Sloiz, Salem	R Robbs, Salem
L Hirsh, McMinnville	J Young, Dalles
A Willis, Dalles	J H Moffat, Cascades
P Evans, Cascades	

CLARENDON HOTEL.

A Bunnell, Dalles	A S Nicholson, Vancouver
J Knight, Salem	L P Malley, Pomeroy
S Tice, Dilley	E Boyd, Hillsboro
C Kuhn, S F	M Miller, S F
Mrs Bolton & daut,	E W Crichton, Oswego
E D Pierce, Gaston	W A Wells, Corvallis
J N Brown, Dalles	G P Sears, Vancouver
Ira Bunell, Walla Walla	W Erhart, Walla Walla
Lieut F Schwatka, U S A	L B Seeley, Oswego
U Seeley, Oswego	Gen J W Sprague, New Tacoma
J L Smiley, Eagle Cliff	S Palmer w & 3 ch, Seattle
A Hawk, Olympia	

ST. CHARLES.

A T Webb, Albany	C Schmeltzer, Salem
Mrs Miller, Dalles	Mrs D W Laughlin, Carlton
Miss Laughlin, Carlton	R A Irwin, Corvallis
L C Thompson, Yamhill	Lee Smith, N Yamhill
H Kloss, Sublimity	J B Forsyth, Champoeg
Dr H R Littlefield, Ventnor	D Loring, Ventnor, N'PUR
Maj J H Bartlett, Fort Lapwai	T E Roberts, Ainsworth
	A Johnston, do
JH Rinehart, Summerville	K Smith, Centerville
J Taylor, Albany	H H Grennell, Astoria
Mrs F M Smith, Astoria	S Hewlett, Cascades
A Slinis, Dallas	

THE ESMOND.

Lord W S Crawshaw, Dallas	W Olsen, Tillamook
F Wood, Albany	E A Quinn, Astoria
H L Rees, Salem	R W Hill, Salem
E J Taylor, do	E B Sprague, S F
G G Mackie, Salem	G McGregor, Scotland
A Craig, Junction	A J Cock, Vancouver
N W Halstead, Meadows	Miss Buffington, Meadows
G W Church, Oregon City	L Silberstein, S F
M L Jones, Scotland	A Loupe, Scotland
R C Ward, Seattle	G G Clark, Milpitas
J H Sears, Seattle	Mrs Russell, Seattle
S W Anderson, Tacoma	S Williams & wf, W T
Henry Kule, W T	F Lyndon, Oakland

WEEKLY WEATHER RECORD.

The following is the meteorological report for the week ending Feb. 9, 1882:

Highest barometer, 30.694, on the 3d.
Lowest barometer, 30.088 on the 7th.
Highest thermometer, 47.8 4th.
Lowest thermometer, 29, 6th.
Wind, prevailing direction, S.
Wind, maximum velocity, 24, direction S.
State of weather—Clear days, 0; foggy, 1; fair 4, cloudy, 2.
Rainfall, 2.66.

M. L. HEARNE,
Observer Signal Corps, U. S. A.

METEOROLOGICAL REPORT.

Signal service United States army. Division of telegrams and reports for the benefit of commerce and agriculture. Report for the last 24 hours. The following observations are taken at the same moment of time at all the stations named.

PORTLAND, Feb. 9, 7:57 P. M.

Name of observation	Height of Barom	Change last 3 Hours	Ther	Wind Direction	Rain fall of Inches	State of weath.
Portland...	29.81	.20	37	S	.06	Clear
Roseburg...	29.80	.11	36	Calm	.95	Clo'dy
Red Bluff...	29.83	.11	49	S	.02	Lt R'n
Sacramento	29.95	.11	48	SW	.00	Fair
Olympia...	.....	..	.....	.....	.00	.....

River 3 feet 6 inches above low water mark; steady. Maximum temperature, 47.0 degrees; minimum temperature 37.0 degrees.

Umatilla and Olympia.—Lines down.

Eastern Oysters every steamer at Keith'

Stop coughing. Get Hamburg burst tea drops and flaxseed honey squares at Postoffice candy store.

Fresh chewing creams and taffy, cocoanut ice cream apples, at Postoffice candy store, opp. P. O.

SHEET MUSIC!!!

A complete stock of American and foreign publications at Simon Harris'. Usual discounts allowed to the trade and teachers. Catalogues mailed free.

BUSIEST HOUSE IN OREGON.

Rolled Gold Jewelry, Solid Gold Jewelry.
The finest quality Diamonds, Parisian Diamonds, Silverware Specialties, etc., New York Jewelry Co., (Morse's Palace) 163 First street.

ACKNOWLEDGED

To be the best Pianos—Decker & Son. H. Sinshelmer, 129 First street, sole agent for the northwest coast; also for other pianos; also Mason & Hamlin Organs, which have the best reputation.

Pioneer Wood Yard foot of Morrison street. J. SORENSEN.

HAIR CUTTING.

Three of the finest workmen in the state are at Ferguson's hair cutting headquarters, 30 Stark street

HENRICHSEN & GREENBERG,
149 First , Portland, Or.
Diamonds, Watches, Jewelry,
SILVER WARE,
CLOCKS, SPECTACLES, ETC.
Nautical Instruments and Ship Chronometers rated by transit observations and repaired.

THE ESMOND.
FIRST CLASS
All modern improvements. Restaurant the best in the city. Open all day.
J. H. BRENNER, Prop'r.

BOARD OF FIRE DELEGATES.

First Meeting of the New Board last Night The Old Officers Re-elected.

Last night the newly elected members of the board of fire delegates met in regular session and were called to order by Joseph Simon, president.

Delegates A. B. Church, W. H. D. Joyce and J. S. R. Wiley were appointed a committee on credentials, and after recess reported the following persons entitled to seats in the board:

No. 1—Jos. Simon, A. W. Witherell, A. B. Church.
2—Jos. Buchman, T. A. Kelly, J. R. Wiley.
3—Wm. Young, Thos. Neaves, C. J. Christie.
4—Geo. Langford, J. Finger, J. Carroll.
5—G. P. Sears, C. Summers, W. H. D. Joyce.
6—L. P. W. Quimby, E. Campion, W. H. Williams, H. & L. Co.—T. M. Temple, John Mendenhall and Wm. Lutz-berg.

After the oath of office had been administered, Joseph Simon was re-elected president (his third term), Geo. C. Sears was re-elected treasurer, and R. B. McMasters re-elected secretary—all by unanimous votes.

The secretary reported $14 as receipts for January.

Reports of secretary and treasurer were read and referred to the finance committee.

Report of committee on certificates was adopted.

Report of committee on cemetery placed on file.

The treasurer's report shows a balance of $167 78 in the treasury.

Following is the numerical strength of the department:

WILLAMETTE, NO. 1.

Membership, Feb. 9, 1881	78
Elected during the year	11
Resigned	19
Expelled	10
Present membership	61

MULTNOMAH NO. 2.

Membership Feb. 9, 1881	61
Elected during the year	7
Resigned	2
Expelled	7
Died	1
Present membership	61

COLUMBIAN NO. 3.

Membership Feb. 9, 1881	73
Elected during the year	7
Expelled	4
Resigned	4
Present membership	72

PROTECTION NO. 4.

Membership Feb. 9, 1881	57
Elected during the year	24
Resigned	1
Expelled	1
Died	1
Present membership	72

TIGER NO. 5.

Membership Feb. 9, 1881	58
Elected during the year	10
Resigned	11
Expelled	3
Present membership	54

COUCH NO. 6.

Membership Feb. 9, 1881	40
Elected during the year	15
Resigned	3
Present membership	61

VIGILANCE H. & L. CO. NO. 1.

Membership Feb. 9, 1881	39
Elected during the year	5
Resigned	5
Expelled	7
Present membership	32

RECAPITULATION.

Membership Feb. 9, 1881	410
Elected during the year	79
Resigned	42
Expelled	32
Died	2
Total membership of department	413

THE COURTS.

U. S. DISTRICT COURT—DEADY, J.

THURSDAY, Feb. 9.

Account of Fred Page Tustin as commissioner in the circuit court—Approved for $31.55

U. S. vs Griswold—Order that Marshal make deed.

The Gazelle—Petition per order of sale argued and submitted.

Court adjourned to Saturday next.

COUNTY COURT—RICE, J.

Report of W. P. Jones, supervisor road district No. 2, examined and approved; ordered that warrant issue to him for $620 for services.

Ordered that order of February 6th, in the matter of the assessment of J. B. Waldo be vacated.

Report of J. S. Newell, supervisor district No. 3 examined and approved; ordered that warrant for $144 issue to him for services.

Report of Wm. Wilkey, supervisor road district No. 5 examined and approved; ordered that warrant issue for $154.

Land Entries in Baker County.

Baker City Tribune.

During the year ending December 31, 1881, public lands of the United States, situate in Baker county, have been entered under the various acts of congress, as follows, to-wit:

Preemptions	6500 acres.
Homesteads	4320 "
Timber culture	1240 "
Desert act	960 "
Timber act	160 "
Total	13,270 "

Under the mining acts of congress, approved May 10, 1872, there have been located for mining purposes as follows:

For placer mining	970 acres.
For quartz mining	180 "
Total	1170 "

Under the provisions of said mining act, various miners in the mining districts of the county have taken the initiatory steps to obtain U. S. patents for mineral lands aggregating 328 acres.

The state of Oregon sold during the year 1881 state and school lands amounting to 11,000 acres, located in Baker county.

During the past season the Oregon Improvement Co. have classed themselves with the leading real estate owners of the county, by purchasing 15,800 acres of state lands. These lands were bought from private parties, and not directly from the state, and are situated immediately on the line of the railroad as located by the O. R. & N. Co., in Powder river valley.

Montana the Grand.

Salt Lake Tribune.

Of all the territories, in some of its attributes, Montana is the grandest. She is part of the country's backbone. Her hills have a majesty all their own, but she turns her face from the weary sagebrush of this great basin. To the tops of her loftiest hills the grass grows luxuriantly, and she has pasturage for a world of stock. Her revenue from her flocks and herds is steadily swelling, and when the limit in that respect is to be reached no man can at present estimate. But it is from her mines that Montana is soon to become famous. They have but waited for the locomotive. The iron gantlet is to do the bidding of capital and to light the burdens of labor, and there will soon come down echoes from those solemn hights which will make the arteries of commerce all over the continent throb faster, and a pilgrimage will wend its way northward as vast as that which yearly follows the trail to Mecca. The climate is a stubborn one. It is fitted for young blood, but it is such a climate as never overhangs the homes of any except brave, earnest men and earnest and true women. On no spot does the new year open with a fairer promise than upon Montana.

WALTHAM WATCHES

In 2-ounce silver case	$14 00
In 3-ounce silver case	17 50
In 4-ounce silver case	19 50

With written guarantee for two years, sent to any part of the state on receipt of price. W. FRIEDLANDER, 65 First street, Portland, Or.

Go to Keith's for your oysters.

Have your clothes cleaned and dyed at the American steam dyeing and cleaning works, 10 Salmon St.

A prize skating match, by best gentlemen skaters, will take place at the pavilion Saturday evening, Feb. 11th. A full brass band will be in attendance.

By all means take the darling to Abell's, where a first-class photograph of the pet one can be secured. For sample of this and other work, refer to any one, or examine display.

The marked popular favor accorded to "Hub Punch" is amply warranted. It can be used with hot or ice water, soda, lemonade, milk, or whatever you choose. No other punch made when required can rival it.

Sold by all Grocers, Wine Merchants and Druggists. Trade supplied by Richardson & Harrison, Agents for Pacific coast, San Francisco.

KEEP POSTED

About the prevailing styles in Clothing, by consulting JOS. KOHN, who is informed weekly thro ug his buyer in New York city, whose orders are arriving on each steamer. Call this week and see the very latest.

MRS. C. J. DeLETTS,
MAKER OF
Dresses, Cloaks, Ulsters, Dolmans.
CUTTING AND FITTING A SPECIALTY.
Apprentices wanted. Inquire or call at N. W. cor. Fourth and Salmon, Room 3.
j16dlm

IF YOU WANT TO BUY, SELL, OR BORROW money at low rates go to Walter O'Bien's, Pawnbroker, 28 Washington street. Persons leaving loans can safely leave their valuables with him, as he is responsible. He is in business in Portland for the last ten years, and has trusted persons properly at all times. O'Brien is "Boss" Pawnbroker of Oregon, and don't you forget it.

WANTED.

GUESTS TO FILL THE EAGLE HOTEL, JUST opened, corner of Second and E streets. The best dollar a day house in the city.
ja23tf THOMAS & TAYLOR, Proprietors.

UMATILLA NOTES.

PENDLETON, Feb. 7.

The First National bank of Pendleton will commence operations March 1.

Track laying on the railroad between Umatilla and Pendleton is being vigorously prosecuted and would seem to indicate early completion.

Several new business enterprises will be commenced in this town when the spring season opens and a good many substantial building improvements in contemplation.

Large numbers of cattle, sheep and horses have been bought here to be driven east when spring opens. Many prominent eastern stockmen are now in the county in person or by representatives.

A stabbing affray last week on Butter creek between Arthur Coulter and M. L. Peterson was reported to have resulted fatally to the latter, but latest advices assert that he was not seriously injured.

The winter in this county has been exceptionally mild. One cold spell alone of a few days was sufficient to provide ice for the coming summer use. Stock has kept fat on the range without a pound of feed.

The bridge across the Umatilla river, lately repaired, gave way last week under a heavily loaded wagon. No injury was done and the structure was promptly righted. A new bridge will soon be built some quarter of a mile higher up the river.

The political cauldron is beginning to throw to the surface suggestive indications. Local issues will be, division of the county, a demand for the reconstruction at an early date of the locks at the Cascades and corrective measures against the N. P. R. R., forcing them to a speedy completion of their road and obliging them to sell their lands to the actual settler at a maximum valuation of $2 50 per acre.—[Just what the company is doing now.—ED. OREGONIAN.]

NEWS NOTES FROM SCIO.

REGULAR CORRESPONDENCE OF THE OREGONIAN.

SCIO, Feb. 8.

Roads being so muddy business is unusually dull.

Col. Long addresses the Blue Ribbon people to-night.

Mr. N. Young has taken possession of the Scio mills for one year.

One hundred and thirty names were signed to the prohibition petition in Scio.

Mr. J. H. Lunan has disposed of his interest in the mercantile business to Mr. G. W. Johnson, his former partner.

The city council of Scio, finding prohibition not a success, have agreed to license saloons at $150 per annum. No one seems willing to pay that amount.

Rev. E. W. Barnes, of the Christian church, created no little excitement last Sunday by resigning his pastorate and announcing his belief in Seventh Day Adventism.

The narrow gauge has withdrawn all section hands except one gang of men. Rumor says they are soon to reduce the number of agents and let the conductor attend to way business.

During the past two weeks very enjoyable times have been had by the young people having private parties. One given at the residence of Dr. J. E. Kirkpatrick was numerously attended.

The "Deadlock" in New York.

The deadlock in the New York legislature is thus explained by the New York *Tribune*:

For one month the legislature of this state has been sitting helplessly and impotently at Albany while the state is paying its members their salaries for attending to its business. What is the reason of this unprecedented and disgraceful spectacle? Simply that the members of the democratic party cannot agree about a division of patronage. That is all. Here is a party which asks the people to put it into power that it may reform abuses. When it is put in power it devotes itself entirely to a squabble about spoils and lets the public business shift for itself. Do the people care to make further experiments of this kind?

Gentle Women

Who want glossy, luxuriant and wavy tresses of abundant, beautiful Hair must use LYON'S KATHAIRON. This elegant, cheap article always makes the Hair grow freely and fast, keeps it from falling out, arrests and cures grayness, removes dandruff and itching, makes the Hair strong, giving it a curling tendency and keeping it in any desired position. Beautiful, healthy Hair is the sure result of using Kathairon.

MILLINERY AND FANCY DRY GOODS.

JOHN CRAN & CO.
Have now a fine line
BLACK CASHMERES,
A NEW LOT
FINE DAMASK SETS,
A SAMPLE BOOK OF
CHOICE DESIGNS IN LINENS
For which orders will be taken and sent to manufacturer.
DOYLEYS,
NAPKINS
AND
CLOTHS.
A Choice and Large Stock of
EMBROIDERIES.
JOHN CRAN & CO.

FOSTER'S KID GLOVES.
5 Hooks $1 60—7 hooks $1 75.
Also, the Only Genuine Jouvin Gloves in the city. Every pair of these Gloves guaranteed.
Fine assortment of HAMBURG EMBROIDERIES from 8c up.
The latest styles of LADIES and CHILDREN'S COLLARS in a large variety of colors and patterns.
Our Stock of Buttons, Gimps, Fringes, Beaded Laces and Bonnet Trimming speaks for itself.
The only genuine C. P. FRENCH CORSET in all sizes, white, gray and colors.
No end to our assortment of Ladies and Children's HOSE and LINEN HDKFS.
Felt, Wool, and Materials for Fancy Work at Reduced Prices.
A. SALMON,
(SUCCESSOR TO S. HINE)
166 FIRST ST.

VALENTINES.
NEW DESIGNS IN
Exquisite Sentimental Valentines.
(Prices from 5c to $5 each.)
And all the Latest Novelties in
"COMICS."
THREE LARGE CASES ELEGANT VALENtines just received per steamer Oregon.
CONVENIENT ASSORTMENTS
Containing the Latest Valentines, of all prices, put up
ESPECIALLY FOR DEALERS,
in lots, at $5, $10, and $20.
A HANDSOME DISCOUNT
To all Dealers in Stationery and Fancy Goods.
J. K. GILL & CO.,
Importers of Stationery, 93 First St. Portland.

ROYAL

BAKING
POWDER
Absolutely Pure.
This powder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders.
Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 106 Wall St., New York.

HOTELS AND RESTAURANTS.

SOL'S
RESTAURANT,

68 FIRST ST.,
BETWEEN OAK & PINE.
Breakfast and Dinner,
Including Pint Bottle of Good Cal. Table Claret,
Fifty Cents.
MEAL TICKETS sold (not including wine), three for one dollar.
This is the most conveniently located Restaurant for the accommodation of business men and other classes.
Lunches 25 to 50c.

ST. CHARLES HOTEL,
Corner Front and Morrison, Portland.
(On the European Plan.)
THOS. GUINEAN, Proprietor.
(Late of the Arcade Sacramento.)
THIS HOTEL IS THOROUGHLY FIRE-PROOF. Contains 150 elegantly furnished suits and single rooms, which have been refitted and refurnished in modern style.
Free coach to and from all trains and boats.

ON DECK.
OCCIDENTAL RESTAURANT.
JOE BARBARE, the veteran, is still there. Board by the day, week or month. Meals Twenty-five Cents.
11dlm

CLARENDON HOTEL,
PORTLAND, OR.
ZIEBER & KNOWLES, Proprietors.
Situated opposite all the Railroad and Steamship offices. Street Cars pass the house every five minutes. Free Coach to and from the house. Street car tickets for sale on office.

DRY GOODS—CLOTHING.

A. ROBERTS
SUCCESSOR TO
FISHEL & ROBERTS,
Takes pleasure in announcing to the many patrons of the old firm that, to make room for
THE FINEST NEW STOCK
OF
Clothing,
UNDERWEAR,
AND
HATS AND CAPS,
Ever displayed in Portland,
NOW ON THE WAY,
He offers the Large Stock of
WINTER CLOTHING
AND
FURNISHING GOODS
Remaining from the
CLEARANCE SALE
AT PRICES INVOLVING
A GREAT SACRIFICE.
COR. FIRST AND ALDER STS.
PORTLAND, OR.

NERVOUS DEBILITY!
A CURE GUARANTEED.
DR. E. C. WEST'S NERVE AND BRAIN TREATMENT—A specific for Hysteria, Dizziness, Convulsions, Nervous Headache, Mental Depression, Loss of Memory, Spermatorrhœa, Impotency, Involuntary Emissions, Premature Old Age, caused by over-exertion, self-abuse or over-indulgence, which leads to misery, decay and death. One box will cure recent cases. Each box contains one month's treatment. One dollar a box, or six boxes for five dollars; sent by mail, prepaid, on receipt of price. We guarantee six boxes to cure any case. With each order received by us for six boxes, accompanied with five dollars, we will send the purchaser our written guarantee to return the money if the treatment does not effect a cure. Guarantee issued only by WOODARD, CLARKE & Co., Wholesale and Retail Druggists, Portland, Or.
Orders by mail receive prompt attention. 2dSatWly

PLEASANT HOME
Addition to East Portland,
ON THE
BASE LINE ROAD.
Lots and Blocks for sale in this Beautiful Tract on Easy Terms.
Apply either to P. E. MATRIOT, or W. H. CREIGHTON, At the office of Nilson, Church & Co. or PRETTYMAN & CRETZ.
jy6 East Portland

BEDROCK:
THIS
SPECIAL PRICE LIST
HOLDS GOOD UNTIL FURTHER NOTICE.
MELLIS BROS. & CO.

Dress Goods.

	Per Yard
18 pieces Solid Colored Morton's Dark Shades, very durable, at...	10c
42 pieces Solid Colored Momies, small figures, regular value 20..	11c
10 pcs Assorted Dark Shades All-Wool Armures, value 45c, for...	25c
25 pcs Silk-finished Armures and Crepe Clothes, leading shades...	21c
28 pcs Twilled Plaids, in beautiful designs, value 35c.....	20c
21 pcs 36-inch Solid Colored English Cashmeres, popular shades,	33⅓
21 pcs 22-inch Solid Colored and Black Cashmeres, value 25c.....	15
8 pcs All-Wool Black Cashmere, unequaled in weight and color..	50
7 pcs 40-inch All-Wool GOLD MEDAL Black Cashmere, val. 1.15	75
15 pcs Black Satins, linen back, assorted grades...at 75, 95c and $1	15
3 pcs Black Gros Grain Silk, American, warranted to wear, at..	1 00

MELLIS BROS. & CO.

Domestics.

All-Linen Damask Towels, 20x40, scarlet border, per dozen	$2 25
Bleached Turkish Towels, 20x40, per dozen	2 25
Scotch Ginghams, selected patterns, 11 yards for	1 00
Turkey Red fruit Napkins, fringed, per doz	65
Linen Crash, 18 inches wide, very heavy, 10 yards for	1 00
Extra Heavy Medicated Red Flannel, worth 75c per yard	50
6-4 Damask Table Covers, handsome patterns	90
12-4 Fine White Family Blankets (Ashland) per pair	9 00
12 yards Corded Piques	1 00
10 yards Heavy Cheviots, plaid or stripes	1 00
18 yards of Kitchen Crash	1 00
Barbers' Towels, bleached, per dozen	60
4-4 Bleached Muslin, 12 yards for	1 00

MELLIS BROS. & CO.

Gents' Furnishing Goods.

Diamond Toe Shaker Socks, 7 pairs for	1 00
Gents' Fur-topped Dogskin Gloves, per pair	75
Gents' Fur-topped Dogskin Gloves, patent springs, per pair	1 50
Workingmen's Buck Gloves, per pair	1 00
Indian-Tan Gauntlets, lined	1 50
Fine Vicuna Shirts and Drawers, each	85
Patent Sleeve Buttons, gold plate, latest designs, per pair	50
Unlaundried Shirts, reinforced, pure linen bosom and cuffs, Wamsutta Muslin, equal in quality to any laundried shirt which is retailed for $2, only	90
1 doz. Red-tipped Unbleached Half-Hose	1 00

MELLIS BROS. & CO.

Boots and Shoes.

Our Boots and Shoes are manufactured expressly for us, and we will guarantee every pair leaving our house. We offer

	Per Pair
Extra Heavy Kip Boots, full stock, double or top soles, for	$4 00
Gents' French Calf Dress Boots, wor

The Daily Oregonian.

FRIDAY MORNING, FEB. 10, 1882.

PRETENDED ANTI-MONOPOLISTS.

[Willamette Farmer, Jan. 27.]

In the summer of 1870 the editor of the *Farmer* took the steamer North Star at New York for Aspinwall, he and home, and on the voyage became well acquainted with a fellow passenger named S. G. Elliott, who claimed that he had just succeeded in obtaining through Congress a land grant for a railroad to connect Portland, Oregon, with the Central Pacific, in the Sacramento valley. Certain capitalists in California had got up the scheme at that time and furnished means, who afterwards sold out their franchise to the Central Pacific. In co-operation with them and with S. G. Elliott, the writer came home to Oregon and organized a company here to carry out the programme and build the road through Oregon. Elliott soon after came up to engineer it, and went east to raise means on bonds. He was only partially successful, but when he was about to last, Ben Holladay took hold of it, and Elliott was installed with a minor interest. Soon after that Holladay quarrelled with Elliott, and sent him to Elliott for a dozen years or more has been engaged in law suits to recover Holladay his just dues, for Holladay evidently ill used him, as he did the writer of this, who was defrauded by him of dues for his services as secretary of the company for several years.

The writer anticipated employment in some honorable position in connection with the road when built, but Elliott claimed for himself at first the lion's share, and was confident he saw millions in it, though he had no capital to invest. He expected that the preferred and common stocks of the company would be valuable, and anticipated all the reward that follows successful manipulation of such stock. The mess was unfortunate for him, for the air castle all tumbled. If his schemes had been successful, Mr. Elliott would have been a railroad magnate, and no particular sympathy with anti-monopoly could have been expected; but the scheme failed, and now that Mr. Elliott has only a lawsuit —or two or more of them—on hand, that rival in procrastination and in accumulated expense the immortal case of Jarndyce vs. Jarndyce, that Dickens has so correctly reported, we find Mr. Elliott has become an "anti-monopoly lecturer, and betrays to a confiding public, the secrets of the railroad business that he learned from Holladay, but which he was not known to oppose, or to remonstrate against, or to refuse to share, when he belonged to the construction firm of Ben Holladay & Co., and with a fine salary as superintendent, lived in this city in bonanza style, and kept his carriage, horses and retinue of servants. Then, monopoly was his dependence; now, he is an anti-monopolist. Then, he was simply Mr. Elliott, the railroad engineer; now, he borrows somewhere the title of "Colonel," to impress the groundlings, and some influence hostile to the success of Villard's combinations very likely supplies the title and the coin to support them, as it does means to run the disreputable little organ that sustains the cause in this city. Mr. Elliott's case illustrates the ease with which genius adapts itself to circumstances.

To be perfectly just, we will allow that in case of the success of Elliott's great scheme, some crumbs of the great bonanza were to fall to the share of the Oregon company—and there was a time when we had a certificate for a few paltry thousands of the numerous millions of the preferred stock—but when Ben Holladay came to power and said "deliver," with the threat of a highwayman, we delivered. To be just again, we have only good will towards "Colonel" Elliott, though why he should set up a title we don't perceive. May be the governor has him sprouting forward a brigadier. If it is consistent for him to "monopolize" a military title, then "anti-monopoly" is a fault, in some particular, in that connection. Elliott has a railroad mania, and if he cannot own a road he means to oppose one.

Great reforms are often engineered to destruction. Start a "civil service reform" movement, and the old-time political hacks that have been disappointed in satisfying ambition for office, rush in to possess the first seats and be ready to divide the proceeds. Start an independent political movement, and the incubuses that belong to other parties hang on to it and sink it. Even the grange, which we believe to be the best unbiassed movement on record, is damaged by the base material that sometimes controls it, that joins anything for power and notoriety, and cares nothing for true principle. Religion would go down if it were responsible for the acts of all who profess it, and anti-monopoly will be an object failure if every excrescence is allowed to be its barnacle.

The people, as a mass, believe in and will heartily endorse the principles of anti-monopoly which we publish to-day, revised lately by the great national league; but if they allow themselves to be deceived by parasites, and loaded down with millstones, the serious thinking public will show disgust at the evident fraud and hypocrisy, and the great cause which we heartily endorse, will fail of success for many years to come. A consistent life must authorize an efficient example. Teachers must be above suspicion. The man who adopts a great public necessity as a means for self advancement, has no claim to respect or confidence, and will soon paralyze the cause he usurps, for his evident cupidity will react upon it.

With all due respect we offer these facts and this argument to the consideration of those honest-minded citizens who espouse anti-monopoly as a great and consistent principle, but evidently without their own knowledge or consent, are only being used, in some instances, by the tools of schemers, who provide funds, as we have satisfactory evidence, from sources, that are disreputable, and whose only objects is to break down one interest that they can build up their own monopoly on its ruins. An anti-monopoly principle that is engineered by Wall street speculators who are in opposition to Villard, and call Oregon legislaments to aid them, deserves no respect, and has no claim to confidence. We thoroughly endorse the national principles which we publish to-day, and we denounce as frauds all anti-monopolists who go about with boasts and show checks that come from the Wall street enemies of Villard. We may as well stay in the frying pan as fall into the fire. The honest anti-monopolist of Oregon will be betrayed if they put confidence in "cranks," or in the venal instruments of Gould or Vanderbilt. What Villard does we see, and have benefits from, and it will be our fault if we permit corporations to impose undue taxes upon us, or interfere with legislation or politics.

FINANCE AND COMMERCE.

San Francisco, Feb. 9.—Sterling exchange on London bankers, 60 days, 4 83¾@4 84; 45, 60, mercantile, 84 ⅝.

Transfers—Par to ½.

New York, Feb. 9.—Sterling exchange, London bankers', long, 84 85; short, 84 89. Good commercial, from 12½ to lower; documentary, 3@3½c lower.

Silver bullion, 1030 fine, per fine ounce, 114-414; U. S. Bonds—6's, 1881, 103; 4½'s, 113¾; 4's, 115.

Lessons, Feb. 9.—Silver bullion, English standard, 923 fine, per fine ounce, 52d 3-16.

U. S. Bonds—4½'s, 116¾; 4's, 120.

New York Stock Quotations.

New York, Feb. 9.—Silver bars 111¾, money, 6@6; govts, weak, lower; states, firm, higher. W. Union, 85¾; Quicksilver, 14¾; Pacific, 62¾; Maripposa, 4; Wells, Fargo & Co., 105¾; N. Y. C., 131¾; Erie, 39¾; Panama, 138; U. P., 119, bonds, 116¾; C. P., 93¾, bonds, 113½; Sutro, ¾.

TUESDAY, Feb. 9.

The wheat market has ruled very quiet both for farmers and foreign sales during the present week, there having been but little done in either direction. So far as we are able to judge by deliveries here, and from reports from various sections of the valley, the surplus of wheat remaining is gradually being diminished, and it cannot now take many farmers to deplete the Willamette valley of what remains, except what is held by various milling firms; and it will take close scraping to reach 255,000 tons for export and San Francisco shipment—the lowest estimate made by any of the exporters for the season's crop. The higher estimates of 330,000 tons are admittedly too sanguine, and have been abandoned by their former adherents.

Under the influence of to-day's advices from abroad wheat is weaker, and unless it comes up abroad, or is influenced by a firmer market in San Francisco, must recede from the current quotation of $1 40 per cental here.

During the past week there have been two charters of vessels in port brought to our notice; one the wooden ship Vesuvius, at about 72s 6d, U. K., and the British bark Chariwood, at 72s 6d, to Liverpool. The future for charters tends inevitably to a lower range as sympathy with the weak situation of freights in San Francisco—where there are 49,000 tons of shipping disengaged, and seventy ships due within the month—operates correspondingly in this market, whether we have few or many ships here for charter.

New York and Chicago show a falling off within the week of from three to five cents per bushel. San Francisco value has continued at about $1 70 to $1 72½ per ctl for choice shipping, stimulated by dry weather in that state, and an opening for shipment at remunerative rates to St. Louis and New Orleans by the Southern Pacific Railroad.

Apples of good quality have been coming in freely all winter till this week, when suddenly it is announced to the surprise of everybody that the winter supply is nearly exhausted and the price of choice fruit has jumped to $1 50 per box and is still tending upward. Last year at this season good apples were going begging at 30 and 40c per box, and thousands of boxes rotted on the hands of commission merchants here. Fruit growing throughout the valley is generally a minor adjunct of a general farming business and farmers do not give to their orchards the attention necessary. Trees are often allowed to go untrimmed and the fruit is not gathered at the proper time or properly stored. It will pay to care of the orchards.

ENGLISH MARKETS.

The *Mark Lane Express* of Saturday, in reviewing the grain trade for last week, says: "The condition of the wheat plant is very satisfactory. Native grain trade is unchanged. Foreign breadstuffs are nominally unaltered. There is ample supply of foreign flour, but trade is very slow. There is very small corn supply. Maize practically unchanged. Oats very dull of sale. Cargoes off coast dull, closing worse Saturday. Easterly winds detained California ships and rising bank rate prejudiced business. Fifteen cargoes arrived, of which six were sold and one withdrawn. On Friday 32s 6d was refused for No. 1 California, and 35s for Oregon. Trade in forward inanimate. Sales of English wheat during the week 60,080 quarters at 46s 1d per quarter against 30,559 quarters at 42s 7d per quarter for the corresponding week of last year."

Portland Produce Market.

There have been large sales of flour during the week to exporters. Prices are unchanged. Owing to continued dry weather in California oats have again advanced and are firm at to-day's quotations, with an upward tendency. Barley is unchanged. Stocks are light both here and in California. There is a prospect of extreme high prices late in the spring. There is a very good demand for choice timothy hay. The market is but scantly supplied with a first-class quality. Mill feed is very weak, with the exception of bran. Evidently stock men are using bran instead of potatoes since the recent advance in spuds. The demand for shorts is greater than the supply, but prices have not yet been effected. Cured meats are weak. Receipts of country-cured meats have been rather large. Lard is unchanged. Dried apples are unchanged. There is a prospect for high prices in the spring on account of the scarcity of green apples at the present time. Dried plums are still dull and almost unsalable. Hops are quiet, but holders seem more confident of higher prices. Hides are unchanged. Owing to small receipts fresh roll butter has advanced. Common stale butter is very dull. Brine butter also is extremely difficult to sell. A hundred kegs of choice brine butter was sold during the week at 25c. The same lot could have gone several weeks ago at 30c, but the holder held out for 35c, and lost his best chance. Onions are in very good demand. Eggs are steady at 30c. Receipts have been light. Cheese is unchanged. There are scarcely any apples in market, and prices are extremely high. Pears are about out of market. Quinces are higher. Receipts are rather large. No change in salmon. Half barrels continue scarce. Potatoes have again advanced, and are firm at quotations.

FLOUR—Standard brands $5; country, $4 25@4 50. superfine, $3 50@3 75.

OATS—54@55c per bushel.

BARLEY—$1 50@2 per cental.

HAY—Halid timothy, $14@16 ? ton.

MILL FEED—Quotations: Middlings $21 50@25; shorts, $20@22½; chop feed $20@22; bran $14.

CURED MEATS—Hams, Oregon sugar cured 14@16c; eastern 17@18c; bacon, 15@16c; shoulders 11@12c.

LARD—Quotations are 14@14½c in kegs; 14@15 in tins, and 15@16c in pails.

DRIED APPLES—Sun dried, 6@7c; Plummer dried 9@9½c.

DRIED PLUMS—With pits, 6c; pitless 11@12c for sun dried; 12½@13c for machine plums.

HOPS—18@20c.

HIDES—Quotations are 15c for first-class dry; 7@8c for green; calls, ¾ off. Sheep pelts 50@$1 25.

BUTTER—Fancy 32½c; good to choice, 25@27½c; fair, 18@20c. In bulk, 20@23c; in tubs, 25@27½c.

ONIONS—Quotation $1 25@1 50 ? ctl.

EGGS—30c.

CHEESE—Best family, 17@18c.

APPLES—$2 per box. $1.

PEARS—50@75c per box.

TIMOTHY SEED—Per lb, 6@8c.

CHICKENS—Dull, $4@4 50; small and medium, $2 50@3 per doz.

SALMON—Columbia river, ? bbl, $10@11; hf bbl, $5 50@6; bellies, hf bbl, $12.

POTATOES—Garnet Chile, 75c, per bushel; Peerless or choice white varieties, 90c per bushel.

CEMENT—Rosendale, ? bbl, $3 00, Portland, ? bbl, $4 75.

SHINGLES—Shaved, $2 75@3 per M.

Meats.

BEEF—6@7½c ? lb gross.

PORK—6@7c, net ?@8.

MUTTON—3½c, gross.

VEAL—5@6c.

Gold and Stock Reports.

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 9.

Receipts—Wheat, 142,500 ctls, including 128,000 aboard ship; flour, 1200 qr sks; oats, 500; potatoes, 1200 sks.

Wheat—The market shows more activity, but prices are not materially changed. Among sales were the following reported: 1000 tons No. 1 shipping, old, $1 70; 900 tons good shipping, $1 67½; 700 tons do, $1 68¾. Quote choice and extra choice shipping, $1 70@1 72½.

Barley—The demand is good and market strong; choice brewing sold to-day at $1 95; coast feed, old dark, but clean, $1 85; 100 tons good coast feed, July delivery $1 92½. Quote feed $1 77½@1 85.

Oats—Market is firm at the advance. Among sales were the following from warehouse: 200 sks Humboldt choice milling, $1 97½. Fair to good feed quoted at $1 80@1 85.

Corn—Small yellow sold at $1 97½; quotable at $1 87½@2 10.

Potatoes—Market is firmer; sales of Humboldt red, $2; Early rose, $1 75; Garnet Chili quotable as before.

Onions—70@75c.

Eggs—Fresh California not so firm; 25@28c. Demand checked.

Butter—Market unchanged.

Wires working irregularly; business delayed.

CHICAGO MARKET

CHICAGO, Feb. 9

Wheat—$1 28¾ March.

Pork—$18 83.

Lard—$13 25.

Ribs—$9 35 March.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, Feb. 9.

Wheat—Unsettled; $1 35@1 39.

Flour—Dull.

Wool, Steady.

DENBROOKE'S ENGLISH REPORTS.

LONDON, Feb. 9.

Floating cargoes—Rather easier.

Cargoes on passage—Rather easier.

Liverpool spot—Flat.

THE TARIFF ON LUMBER.

[Sacramento Record-Union.]

It might be thought that congress had determined to destroy all the lumber in the United States as quickly as possible, if she were to judge from the legislation thus far had. Not content with the enormous duties that have been imposed on the "necessaries" under as we produce corn and cattle. We have a splendid quantity of forest land, and when that is cut down we shall have no more timber, for lumber of all sorts has been taken from only the pine of that which has been cut down. To put a tariff on lumber, therefore, is to injure the whole country, for the sake of a few lumber manufacturers, the timber of which all the timber they use. The timber belongs to the whole country. It is part of the patrimony of the people. It does not belong to speculators to the public interest. Yet congress insists on a record here lasting number of the use of these things a thousand, to the end that the lumber thieves might be protected in the prosecution of their business. This is the kind of reason for the protection of lumber. Such reason is disappearing with marvelous rapidity. It is being stolen in immense quantities. Even in this state the stealing of it has been carried on to an alarming extent, and nothing is being done with impunity. There is reason to believe that much of the open theft to senator Miller's bill to establish Sequoia park came from the fact that the property is now worth. The land is the fact that the timber thieves who in that case are representing the public and assuming a virtuous indignation. But why should the lumber thieves be protected? What sense is there in it? Who can explain that mystery? They are not manufacturing a raw material which is grown in the country as other raw materials are grown. They have done nothing to create the forests. The forest belonged to the land. All the lumber firms have done is to destroy what they have never sought to replace. They are therefore rapidly reducing the country to poverty in the respect. And the only excuse actually helps them in their unlimited by excluding foreign lumber. A more hopeless case than this it would be impossible to conceive. We ought to preserve our forests as carefully as possible, and in order to do so we ought to admit foreign lumber free of duty. It is to the public interest that lumber should be cheap and plentiful. It is not to the public interest that our forests should be sacrificed to the greed and rapacity of a few persons. The tariff on lumber, in short, is one of the most stupid and mischievous of all the protective taxes. Next in line on principle, which has now nearly been removed. It is perhaps the very worst on the list. And if anything is to be done to preserve the remnants of our forests, now vanishing more rapidly every year, this foolish tariff on lumber will have to be taken off. Let us have Canadian lumber, British Columbian lumber, any kind of lumber, so that when this generation passes from the stage it may not have to carry the curses of its succors by stripping the country bare of its forest growth. And however it may appear to congress, this is a very much more important question than the organization of the committees even.

The mother of the late Bayard Taylor took the first prize for the best cocoons at Philadelphia Wednesday, at the Women's Silk Culture exhibition.

The Canadian parliament opened at Ottawa yesterday. The governor general expressed the sympathy of Canadians at the death of Garfield.

W. B. Stringe was sentenced to six years in state prison at Santa Cruz, California, yesterday for the murder of Newt Kitchen at Watsonville.

F. W. Hayward was found dead in his bed at 1166 Dupont street, San Francisco, yesterday. He was a commission merchant.

August V. Gier's family of five persons at Fort Wayne, Ind., is suffering from trichinæ. Three are not likely to recover.

San Francisco Grain Market.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 9.—Barley—Feed, $1 60@1 85; brewing, $1 90@1 95; chevalier, $1 75@1 82½.

Oats—$1 87½@1 92½ for good and choice.

Potatoes—Rimboldt reds and Peachblows, $1 90@2 10; Early Rose, $1 75; Petalumas, $1 80@1 90.

Chicago Wheat Market.

CHICAGO, Feb. 9.—Wheat, weak, lower, and in fair demand; $1 27 cash; 1 27¾ March.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

[BY TELEGRAPH.]

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 9.—Arrived—Am ship St. David, New York; str Gaelic, Honkong; Am ship John DeCosta, Bremen; Am ship Undaunted, Cardiff, Br bk Flora, Newport, Eng.; Fr bk River Nerve, Guayaquil.

Sailed—Am ship Alex Gibson, Liverpool; Ger bk Sobra, Cork, f. o.; Ger schr Thiele, Tahiti; Am ship Imperial, Liverpool.

Outside—Three ships.

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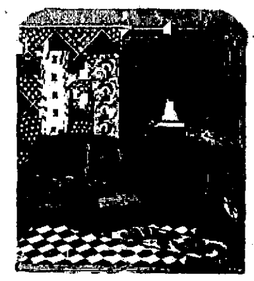

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THE OREGON

Have Just Received, Direct from the Factories, the Largest Stock of

Carpets

Ever brought to this market, consisting of Venetian, Ingrain, Extra Super Three-Ply, Tapestry, Body Brussels, Moquette and Axminster, which they offer at very low prices.

The Company also carry an immense stock of

Furniture

of their own make, which they are able to guarantee as being superior in finish and workmanship to any imported from California or the Eastern States.

Warerooms, cor. First and Yamhill streets.

NOTICE TO FARMERS.

SEED WHEAT AND OATS,

Imported from Australia and New Zealand.

THE UNDERSIGNED HAS JUST RECEIVED a shipment of SEED each of very choice Purple Straw and White Australian Wheat, from Adelaide, Australia, and Twenty Sacks of Short Cambridge Oats, from Canterbury, New Zealand.

The wheat is well adapted for this country, clean and without chaff. It has been known to yield 70 bushels per acre when changed to a wetter climate.

The oats are clean, bright and heavy, and are what is wanted for milling.

This is a chance which seldom occurs for farmers to get a good change of seed. For further particulars as to price, etc., apply to

WM. DUNBAR,
5 and 9 Front street, Portland.

SAN FRANCISCO STOCK EXCHANGE.

SAN FRANCISCO, Feb. 9.

MORNING BOARD.

330 Ophir	55@55½	200 Hale & Nor	1 45
635 Mexican	30@30½	225 N Nev	1 45
665 Con Va	1 45	50 Flush	1 30
60 Hale & Nor	1 45	350 Exchequer	39@40
990 Cala	9c	1110 Overman	1 00@1 05
720 Bonanza	1 45	300 Justice	9½
1225 Con Va	1 45@1 50	1000 Belcher	12½
50 Crown Point	1 45	1955 Alta	2 05
150 Potosi	1 45	100 Caledonia	50
220 Jacket	1 40	100 Chollar-Potosi	1 40
200 Imperial	1 45	100 Challenge	60
500 Belcher	1 45	50 Ward	1 60
200 H & N	1 45	245 Sierra Nevada	50@60
50 Alpha	1 40	100 Gould & Curry	2
100 Scorpion	1 40	100 Hale & Norcross	85

AFTERNOON BOARD.

50 Eureka	1 35	200 Gould & Curry	1 40@1 45
55 N Belcher	1 40	100 Yellow Jacket	1 05
100 Mexican	1 35	500 Alpha	1 35
50 Alta	2	100 Justice	9
200 Wells	1	1 50 N Nevada	80
50 E Mexican	1	450 Ophir	55
200 Belcher	1	50 Mexican	30
150 Silver Hill	1	100 Con Va	1 45

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Recommended by all Physicians.

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A Sure Cure for Indigestion, Loss of Appetite and the Best Liver Regulator known.

For SOLD ONLY IN GLASS.

To fill or sell any but the genuine article out of our bottle is a felony, and when detected will be prosecuted to the full extent of the law.

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DR. F. M. BRENAN,

The Most Successful Physician on the Pacific Coast in the Treatment of

ALL CHRONIC & DIFFICULT DISEASES.

DR. BRENAN WILL GUARANTEE TO CURE any form of Disease of the genitive organs of private disease. He has become an expert in the treatment of diseases, weakness and derangement of the reproductive organs of both male and female, including diseases caused by the

FOLLIES OF YOUTH,

such as SPERMATORRHŒA or SEMINAL WEAKNESS, LOSS OF PERFECT VITALITY, etc. Nearly two-thirds of all the Chronic Diseases spring, either directly or indirectly, from some derangement of the sexual system, and yet this subject is shunned by a majority of the Medical Profession.

It is to be lamented that so many persons who are unfortunate enough to be afflicted by any form of sexual disease have a dell cacy in calling upon the proper physician in time, from a sense of modesty and sensitiveness, and from ignorance, and permit those diseases to gain until their constitutions become corrupted, their organizations broken down and the hope of future happiness blighted, until death becomes a welcome messenger to carry them out of their miserable existence.

Everything strictly confidential under all circumstances.

Lost manhood perfectly restored. Catarrh, Bronchitis, Throat Diseases, Skin Diseases, Rheumatism, Kidney Complaint, and all Diseases of the Eye and Ear, Stomach and Bladder, he can cure without fail.

Consultation Free, and a list of printed questions sent to those living at a distance who cannot call on him personally. Enclose postage stamp for list.

Office—42 and 44 Third St., opposite Masonic Hall (Grand Hours—From 10 to 12 A. M., 2 to 5 and 7 to 8 P. M. to). All letters of professional business must be addressed DR. PAUL M. BRENAN & CO., P. O. Box

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TERMS,

Including board, medicine and medical attendance:

Wards ..... $ 7 per week
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DR. HOLT C. WILSON ..... Attending Physician
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Ship Stores, Tinplate and Sea Stores,
Foreign and Domestic Fruit,
Corner Front and Washington Sts.

REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

A MEETING OF THE REPUBLICAN STATE Central Committee of the state of Oregon will be held at the office of the chairman, in the city of Portland, on Thursday, the 23d day of February, 1882, at 10 o'clock A. M. A full attendance is earnestly desired.

Jan 28 10-4tPH. SIMON, Chairman.

Republican papers please copy.

WOOD! WOOD! WOOD!

SLAB WOOD—$1 50 PER LOAD—FROM WEIDler & Mill. Orders left at mill or in the box at Bow Saloon will be promptly attended to.

Jan 11 W. S. M. & M. CO.

GRAND BONA FIDE

Clearance Sale.

AT

Kerron & Macbeth's

Will Commence Wednesday, Feb. 1st.

Having finished our annual inventory, we find our stock much larger than anticipated, and have resolved to reduce the same, and in order to effect a speedy clearance, we will offer

OUR ENTIRE STOCK FOR THIRTY DAYS AT COST PRICES.

We will convince the most skeptical, by examining our prices, that we mean business, as our stock is well assorted in every department. We would call special attention to this sale of General Merchandise, consisting of

DRY GOODS, STAPLE AND FANCY,
MEN'S, YOUTHS' AND BOYS' CLOTHING,
GENTS' HATS AND FURNISHING GOODS,
BOOTS AND SHOES, CROCKERY AND GLASSWARE.
1000 REMNANTS AT 30 PER CENT BELOW COST.

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HEAVY CALIFORNIA TREES.

For Stockmen's Saddles.

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Agent for Kutchin' Fearnt Driver Stirrup & Hickory Whipstocks.

Engines and Boilers

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INQUIRE OF

SMITH BROS. & WATSON'S IRON WORKS,
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WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALERS,

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MILTON AND HARDY OLD BOURBON & PURE OLD RYE WHISKIES

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SOLE AGENS FOR

Barbour's Irish Flax Thread,
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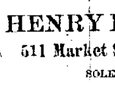
Passaic Flax Mills Bag Twines,
Macrame Lace Threads,
Clark's "O.N.T." Spool Cotton,
Milward's Felix Needles,
Milward's Fish Hooks,
Am. Needle and Fish Hook Co's Hooks, Fish Nets, Seines and Twines, Cotton Gill-Net Lines, Flax Twines, etc.;
Field's Tacks, Nails and Eyelets.

Hamburg-American Packet Company.



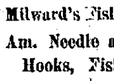
THE MAGNIFICENT OCEAN mail steam-ships of the New Express Line, sail from Hamburg and Southampton to New York every Wednesday, Plymouth, London, the day after Hamburg every THURSDAY. C. H. Cunard, Pacific General Agents, 61 Broadway, New York; or J. F. Middelhoff & Co., 401 California street, San Francisco.

STEAMSHIPS & RAILROAD TICKETS, MONEY Orders and Drafts. Issue holders of Credits forward Freight and Express parcels to all cities interior towns in Germany, Austria, Hungary, Belgium, France, Great Britain, Ireland, Switzerland, Italy, Roumania, Russia, Poland, Scandinavia, Norway, Spain, Switzerland and the Orient.

OLDENDORFF & HEUDNER, Agents.

For Yaquina Bay and Return, Direct.

THE A 1 NEW STEAMER



YAQUINA

WILL SAIL FOR NEWPORT, ONEATTA, TOledo, Yaquina Bay

SATURDAY, FEBRUARY 11th,

Sailing day for next trip

SATURDAY, APRIL 1st.

Office and landing Pacific Dock, foot of Salmon St.

Z. J. HATCH, Agent.

FOR ASTORIA—FAST TIME.

THE C. T. COMPANY'S STEAMER

FLEETWOOD,

Which has been thoroughly refitted for the comfort of passengers, will leave the foot of Morrison street on Sunday, Monday and Wednesday, Tuesday and Thursday and Saturday, (through) at 8 A. M., carrying passengers, and arriving at Astoria at 1:30 P. M. Returning, leaves Astoria on each Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 8 A. M., arrives at Portland at 2 P. M. Passengers by this route can connect at Kalama for Seattle.

C. A. MANN, Secretary. I. B. SCOTT, President. jan1dtf

People's Transportation Co.

STEAMER WASHINGTON,

CAPTAIN J. M. BURGY, will leave Portland at 2:30 P. M. and Vancouver at 8 A. M. daily, Sundays excepted. For freight and passage apply on board. foot of Morrison street. Towing from 8:45 A. M. to 2 P. M.

Independent Freight & Passenger Steamer

A. A. McCULLY,

I. B. SANBURN ..... Master

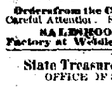
Will leave Portland

For Wheatland, Lincoln, Salem, Eola, Independence, Fairview, Buena Vista, Albany, Corvallis, Harrisburg, and all intermediate points on Willamette river.

Office and landing, Pacific Dock.

Z. J. HATCH, Agent, 220 Front street.

Vancouver Transportation Co.

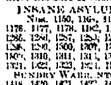


STRS. LURLINE or PANOORAMA

WILL CAPT. JAS. T. GRAY, leave Portland at 7 A. M. and Vancouver at 8 A. M. daily, Sundays excepted. Eye freight or passage apply on board, at foot of Yamhill street, Northrup & Thompson's dock.

TOWING between 10 A. M. and 2 P. M.

SHIPPING UP FOR PORTLAND.

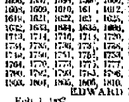


The American ship "WILNA," Lombard master, 863 tons register, is now loading at New York with general cargo, to sail

ABOUT MARCH 1st,

FOR PORTLAND. As the balance of disengaged room is limited, shippers will oblige by making their engagements immediately.

VAN VLECK & CO., Agents,
100 Wall street, New York City.
C. H. PRESCOTT, Consignee, Portland. 7dtim



FOR PORTLAND.

Is loading and will follow the "James A. Garfield, the schooner

NORTH BEND.

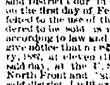
For Freight apply to SIMPSON BROS. & CO., 44 Market St., San Francisco.

Sutton & Co's Dispatch Line

For Portland, Oregon.

THE A 1 FIRST CLASS SHIP

D. J. LESS



Will follow the "Elwell," quick dispatch,

FROM NEW YORK FOR PORTLAND

As the balance of disengaged room is limited, shippers will oblige by making their engagements immediately.

SUTTON & CO.,
82 South St., New York.
ALLEN & LEWIS, Agents, Portland, Or. 6Jan

The Bishop Scott Grammar School,

A Boarding and Day School for Boys and Young Men.

WILL BEGIN ITS EASTER TERM OF TWENty weeks Jan. 31, 1882. The school offers peculiar advantages to those who wish to prepare for college or business, and to those who desire to pursue any special course of study. The school is well officered and the instruction thorough. Particular attention is paid to ungraded scholars. Each pupil receives a thorough and practical training in English. A careful watch is kept over the manners and morals of pupils, and no one is admitted to the school without a satisfactory certificate of good moral character. Send for catalogue or any further information to the rector, the Rt. Rev. B. Wistar Morris, D. D., or the head master, J. W. HILL, M. D.,
Portland, Oregon.

jan1dw3-3m

TRENKMAN & WOLFF,

MACHINISTS,

Corner F and Third Streets.

Housework, Doors, Sashes, Iron Shutters and Machinery of all descriptions. Planing and Moulding Tools to order.

RAILWAYS AND STEAMBOATS.

Oregon Railway and Navigation Company.

OCEAN TIME TABLE.

Between San Francisco and Portland.

LEAVE SAN FRANCISCO AT 10 A. M.	ARRIVE PORTLAND AT 12 M.	LEAVE PORTLAND AT 12 M.	ARRIVE SAN FRANCISCO AT 10 A. M.
Oregon	State of California	Columbia	State of California
Jan. 4	Jan. 8	Jan. 14	Jan. 18
Jan. 19	Jan. 23	Jan. 29	Jan. 31
Feb. 3	Feb. 8	Feb. 13	Feb. 18
Feb. 23	Feb. 28	Feb. 13	Feb. 18
Mar. 8	Mar. 12	Mar. 18	Mar. 22
Mar. 29	Mar. 31	Mar. 23	Mar. 28

Rates are subject to change as numbers of sailings dictate.

Through Tickets sold to all principal cities in the United States and Canada.

RIVER AND RAIL DIVISIONS.

Columbia, Willamette and Yamhill Rivers

NOVEMBER 20, 1881.

Leave Portland for	Mon.	Tues.	Wed.	Thu.	Fri.	Sat.
Dallas, Walla Walla, Umatilla and up-river points.	7 AM	AM	7 AM	7 AM	7 AM	7 AM
Astoria, Kalama, Tacoma, Seattle,	5 AM		5 AM	5 AM	5 AM	5 AM
Victoria, New Westminster	5 AM		5 AM		5 AM	
Oakland, Hayward, Brooklyn, Alameda, Encinal, Berkeley, Clinton, Kimball,	6 AM		6 AM		6 AM	
Davisville,	7 AM		7 AM		7 AM	
Corvallis and intermediate points.	6 AM				6 AM	

Leave Portland for Mon. Tues. Wed. Thu. Fri. Sat.

Dallas, Walla Walla, Umatilla and up-river points. 7 AM AM 7 AM 7 AM 7 AM 7 AM

Astoria, Kalama, Tacoma, Seattle, 5 AM 5 AM 5 AM 5 AM 5 AM 5 AM

Victoria, New Westminster 5 AM ..... 5 AM ..... 5 AM .....

Oakland, Hayward, Brooklyn, Alameda, Encinal, Berkeley, Clinton, Kimball, 6 AM ..... 6 AM ..... 6 AM .....

Davisville, 7 AM ..... 7 AM ..... 7 AM .....

Corvallis and intermediate points. 6 AM ..... 6 AM .....

NARROW GAUGE DIVISION.

EAST SIDE DIVISION.

BETWEEN PORTLAND AND BROWNSVILLE via O. & C. R. R. to Woodburn.

MONDAY, DEC. 12, 1881.

Trains for Brownsville leave Portland at 7:30 A. M. on Mondays Wednesdays and Fridays.

LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Portland.....7:30 A. M.	Brownsville.....8:17 P. M.
Brownsville.....8:30 A. M.	Portland.....4:25 P. M.

Trains for Portland leave Brownsville at 8:30 A. M. on Tuesdays, Thursdays and Saturdays.

WEST SIDE DIVISION.

FT. PORTLAND, SHERIDAN AND AIRLIE via O. & C. R. R. to Whites.

LEAVE.	ARRIVE.
Portland.....8:15 A. M.	Airlie.....4:25 P. M.
Sheridan.....9:35 A. M.	Sheridan.....1:20 P. M.
Airlie.....7:30 A. M.	Portland.....3:30 P. M.

FREIGHT

For all points on Narrow Gauge Division will be received and forwarded by the O. & C. R. R., Ess land West Side Divisions, respectively.

C. H. PRESCOTT, Manager.

General Office—Cor. Front and D Streets.

J. McCRAKEN & CO., Agents Steamers of California.

A. L. MAXWELL, Ticket agent O. R. & N. Co.

JOHN MUIR, Superintendent of Traffic.

Northern Pacific Railroad.

PACIFIC DIVISION.

KALAMA TO TACOMA AND TACOMA TO WILKESON (Coal Mines.)

| South Bound. No. 1 Pass. | STATIONS. | North Bound. No. 2 P